Annual Report for

Amasean Equity

30 June 2025





TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group 55 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

Investment Manager

AmIslamic Funds Management Sdn Bhd

Shariah Adviser

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

Trustee

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Auditors and Reporting Accountants

Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation Adviser

Deloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

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MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of AmASEAN Equity ("Fund") for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

Salient Information of the Fund

Name	AmASEAN Equity ("Fund")
Category/ Type	Equity (Islamic) / Growth
Objective	The Fund seeks to provide capital growth over the medium to long term by investing in Shariah-compliant equities and Shariah-compliant equity-related securities with exposure to the ASEAN markets. Note: Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.
	Tiolders approval.
Duration	The Fund was established on 6 June 2011 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.
Performance Benchmark	S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index (Available at www.aminvest.com)
	Note: The benchmark does not imply that the risk profile of the Fund is the same as the risk profile of the benchmark. Investors of the Fund will assume a higher risk compared to the benchmark. Hence, the returns of the Fund may be potentially higher due to the higher risk faced by the investors. The S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC ("SPDJI"), and has been licensed for use by AmFunds Management Berhad. S&P® is a registered trademark of S&P Global ("S&P"); Dow Jones® is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones"); AmASEAN Equity are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, any of their respective affiliates (collectively, "S&P Dow Jones Indices"). S&P Dow Jones Indices makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the AmASEAN Equity or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in AmASEAN Equity particularly or the ability of the S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index to track general market performance. S&P Dow Jones Indices' only relationship to AmFunds Management Berhad with respect to the S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index is the licensing of the Index and certain trademarks,
	service marks and/or trade names of S&P Dow Jones Indices and/or its licensors. The S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index is determined, composed and calculated by S&P Dow Jones Indices without regard to AmFunds Management Berhad or the AmASEAN Equity. S&P Dow Jones Indices have no obligation to take the needs of AmFunds Management Berhad or the owners of AmASEAN Equity into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index. S&P Dow Jones Indices are not responsible for and have not participated in the determination of the prices, and amount of AmASEAN Equity or the timing of the issuance or sale of AmASEAN Equity or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which AmASEAN Equity is to be converted into cash, surrendered or redeemed, as the case may be. S&P Dow Jones Indices have no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of AmASEAN Equity.

There is no assurance that investment products based on the S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC is not an investment advisor. Inclusion of a security within an index is not a recommendation by S&P Dow Jones Indices to buy, sell, or hold such security, nor is it considered to be investment advice.

S&P DOW JONES INDICES DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ADEQUACY, ACCURACY. TIMELINESS AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE INDEX OR ANY DATA RELATED THERETO OR ANY COMMUNICATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMUNICATION (INCLUDING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS) WITH RESPECT THERETO. S&P DOW JONES INDICES SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY DAMAGES OR LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR DELAYS THEREIN. S&P DOW JONES INDICES MAKE NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, COMPLIANCE WITH SHARIAH LAW) OR AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY AMFUNDS MANAGEMENT BERHAD, OWNERS OF THE AMASEAN EQUITY, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE INDEX OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY DATA RELATED THERETO. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT WHATSOEVER SHALL S&P DOW JONES INDICES BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, TRADING LOSSES, LOST TIME OR GOODWILL, EVEN IF THEY HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBLITY OF SUCH DAMAGES, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE. THERE ARE NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF ANY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN S&P DOW JONES INDICES AND AMFUNDS MANAGEMENT BERHAD. OTHER THAN THE LICENSORS OF S&P DOW JONES INDICES.

Income
Distribution
Policy

Income distribution (if any) is incidental and will be reinvested.

Fund Performance Data

Portfolio Composition

Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 30 June are as follows:

	- A	As at 30 June	
	2025	2024	2023
	%	%	%
Consumer discretionary	7.29	9.45	6.40
Consumer staples	6.99	14.47	8.43
Energy	2.55	5.07	ı
Financials	-	ı	2.16
Health care	8.78	5.87	9.99
Industrials	25.60	23.05	12.65
Information technology	6.37	11.84	15.92
Materials	7.10	5.92	9.07
Real estate/REITs	9.78	7.18	6.92
Telecommunication services	11.96	9.57	15.99
Utilities	-	1.93	ı
Money market deposits and cash			
equivalents	13.58	5.65	12.47
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00

Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.

Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial years ended 30 June are as follows:

	FYE 2025	FYE 2024	FYE 2023
Net asset value (RM)	449,840	579,926	672,085
Units in circulation	1,446,379	1,438,049	1,460,314
Net asset value per unit (RM)	0.3110	0.4033	0.4602
Highest net asset value per unit (RM)	0.4160	0.4690	0.5001
Lowest net asset value per unit (RM)	0.3018	0.3947	0.4582
Benchmark performance (%)	-8.24	-2.15	-3.40
Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾	-22.78	-12.34	-2.33
- Capital growth (%)	-22.78	-12.34	-2.33
Total expense ratio (%)(2)	7.00	10.02	7.37
Portfolio turnover ratio (times) ⁽³⁾	1.79	1.99	0.50

Note:

- (1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees. Total return is calculated based on the published NAV/unit (last business day).
- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The TER decreased by 3.02% as compared to 10.02% per annum for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 mainly due to decrease in expenses.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The decrease in PTR for 2025 and increase in 2024 were due mainly to investing activities.

Average Total Return (as at 30 June 2025)

	AmASEAN Equity ^(a) %	Benchmark ^(b)
One year	-22.78	-8.24
Three years	-12.88	-4.63
Five years	-8.63	-2.48
Ten years	-4.09	-1.95

Annual Total Return

Financial Years Ended (30 June)	AmASEAN Equity ^(a) %	Benchmark ^(b)
2025	-22.78	-8.24
2024	-12.34	-2.15
2023	-2.33	-3.40
2022	-10.88	-4.90
2021	8.08	6.91

- (a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.
- (b) S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index (Available at www.aminvest.com)

The Fund performance is calculated based on net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and
that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Fund Performance

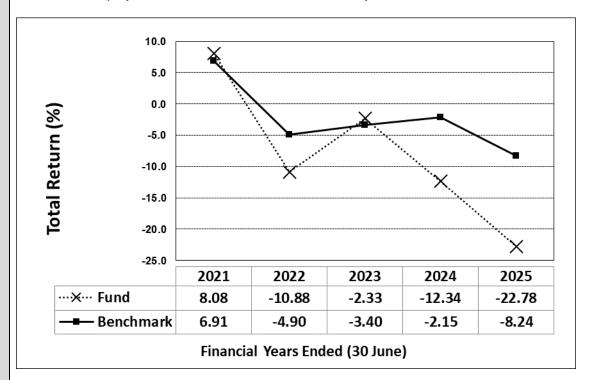
For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a negative return of 22.78% which is entirely capital in nature.

Thus, the Fund's negative return of 22.78% has underperformed the benchmark's negative return of 8.24% by 14.54%.

As compared with the financial year ended 30 June 2024, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund decreased by 22.89% from RM0.4033 to RM0.3110^(a), while units in circulation increased by 0.58% from 1,438,049 units 1,446,379 units.

(a) Price based on audited price.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of AmASEAN Equity and its benchmark for the financial years ended 30 June.



Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Strategies and Policies Employed

Using fundamental research, the investment manager combined a top down country and sector allocation process with a bottom up stock selection process. Stocks selection was based on current income, prospects of growth and capital appreciation potential.

Portfolio Structure

The table below is the asset allocation of the Fund as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

	As at 30.06.2025 %	As at 30.06.2024 %	Changes %
Consumer discretionary	7.29	9.45	-2.16
Consumer staples	6.99	14.47	-7.48
Energy	2.55	5.07	-2.52
Health care	8.78	5.87	2.91
Industrials	25.60	23.05	2.55
Information technology	6.37	11.84	-5.47
Materials	7.10	5.92	1.18
Real estate/REITs	9.78	7.18	2.60
Telecommunication services	11.96	9.57	2.39
Utilities	-	1.93	-1.93
Money market deposits and cash			
equivalents	13.58	5.65	7.93
Total	100.00	100.00	

The Fund's equity exposure as of 30 June 2025 was at 86.42% as compared to 94.35% as of 30 June 2024. The lower equity exposure was on the back of uncertainty over the global trade outlook amidst aggressive tariff imposition by the US to the rest of the world.

The most notable increase in exposure was healthcare sector by 2.91%. Real estate/REITs and industrials also saw an increase in exposure by 2.60% and 2.55% respectively.

The Fund reduced exposure in consumer staples sector by 7.48% during the year under review as the Fund took opportunity to realize profit in the oil palm companies amid firm CPO prices. The Fund also reduced exposure in information technology sector by 5.47%.

As of 30 June 2025, money market deposits and cash equivalents were raised to 13.58% from 5.65% as of 30 June 2024.

Securities Lending / Repurchase Transactions

The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions (collectively referred to as "securities financing transactions").

Cross Trades

There were no cross trades undertaken during the financial year under review.

Distribution/ Unit splits

There is no income distribution and unit split declared for the financial year under review.

State of Affairs

There has been neither significant change to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unitholders during the financial year under review.

Rebates and Soft Commission

During the year, the management company received soft commissions by virtue of transactions conducted for the Fund, in the form of research services, systems and services relating to performance measurement of portfolios and subscription fees for fund's benchmark indices. All of these assist in the investment decision making process which are of demonstrable benefit to unitholders of the Fund.

The company has soft commission arrangement with a total of 12 brokers, who execute trades for the Fund and other funds or investments managed by the company. The soft commission received would be in the form of research services, systems and services relating to performance measurement of portfolios and/or subscription fees for fund's benchmark indices. All of these assist in the investment decision making process which are of demonstrable benefit to unitholders of the Fund and other funds or investments managed by the company.

Soft commissions received were for the benefit of the Fund and there was no churning of trades.

Market Review

For the year under review, S&P ASEAN BMI Shariah Index dropped by 8.24% in Malaysian Ringgit (MYR) term. Singapore was the best performing market during the period under review, delivering a return of 13.11% (in MYR term). On the flipside, other ASEAN markets recorded a negative return in MYR term. Thailand remained the worst performing index, with SET Index declined by 15.42% amidst political uncertainty. Indonesia's JCI Index followed suit with a negative return of 11.38%, which may be attributed to the weak consumption amidst the execution risks over government's policies. During the same period, Philippines' PCOMP Index and Malaysia's FBMKLCI Index declined by 8.08% and 3.59% respectively.

Singapore delivered a strong equity market performance, supported by the performances in utilities, industrials and communication services sectors. Despite weak exports and a sharp drop in new home sales, investor sentiment remained resilient, supported by dividend play and its safe-haven status amid global uncertainty.

Meanwhile, in Malaysia, sentiment was impacted amid concerns over slower economic growth following the weakening external demand and global trade uncertainties. However, expectation of continued government initiatives to sustain economic growth and domestic consumption which could be announced in the 13th Malaysian Plan and Budget 2026 has helped to provide some support to the market performance.

For Indonesia, the equity market faced headwinds as investors were concerned over Prabowo's ambitious populist and security-driven policies aimed at boosting consumption and achieving self-sufficiency, which include Free Nutritious Meals program, expanded rice and fuel subsidies and tax exemptions for labor-intensive sectors. The introduction of a sovereign wealth fund consolidating major SOEs called Danantara also raised concern over governance risks, political interference, and lack of transparency.

Philippines equity market performance market recorded a negative growth amid worries over the rising trade barriers including the 19% US tariff on Philippines goods as the United States (US) accounts for around 15% of its total exports. This was despite its steady economic growth in 1H2025, driven by strong domestic demand, infrastructure spending and resilient services, benefitting the construction, digital infrastructure, electronics, and transportation sectors.

Thailand equity market posted a sharp decline as the economy struggled over the past year, with economic growth being downgraded to just 1.5% in 2025, weighed down by weak domestic demand, sluggish exports and fading tourism momentum. In addition, the sentiment was clouded by the on-going domestic political turbulence.

Market Outlook

We are cautiously optimistic on ASEAN equities amid benefiting from supply chain diversification under the China+1 strategy as well as the interest rate cut in the United States (US) which could boost capital flow into the region. However, risks remain amid Trump 2.0 trade policies and rising protectionism. Currently, ASEAN markets valuation remains well below the long-term average and the equity market is expected to benefit when the US starts cutting interest rate.

The portfolio will adopt a balanced approach between value and growth and trade price swings whenever opportunities arise. We will be looking for opportunities to deploy our cash position in the attractive growth sector which will provide secular growth.

Additional Information

The following information was updated:

- 1) The Twelfth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 27 March 2025 has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia. Notice of issuance for the Twelfth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 27 March 2025 was published on our website at www.aminvest.com and sent to unit holders on 7 April 2025.
- 2) The Thirteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 2 May 2025 has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia. Notice of issuance for the Thirteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 2 May 2025 was published on our website at www.aminvest.com and sent to unit holders on 16 May 2025.
- 3) The Fourteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 25 June 2025 has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia. Notice of issuance for the Fourteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 25 June 2025 was published on our website at www.aminvest.com and sent to unit holders on 4 July 2025.

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AmFunds Management Berhad

20 August 2025

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmASEAN Equity

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AmASEAN Equity (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 12 to 41.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2025, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmASEAN Equity (cont'd.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmASEAN Equity (cont'd.)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with the approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmASEAN Equity (cont'd.)

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT 202006000003 (LLP0022760 - LCA) & AF 0039 Chartered Accountants Ng Sue Ean No. 03276/07/2026 J Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 20 August 2025

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	RM	RM
ASSETS			
Shariah-compliant investments	4	388,773	547,146
Dividend receivables Amount due from Manager	5(a)	456 197	757
Amount due from brokers	3(a) 6	-	25,947
Other receivable	Ü	_	232
Tax recoverable		1,130	309
Cash at banks		81,240	49,996
TOTAL ASSETS		471,796	624,387
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager	5(b)	727	926
Amount due to brokers	6	-	27,508
Amount due to Trustee	7	821	820
Sundry payables and accruals		20,408	15,207
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21,956	44,461
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		449,840	579,926
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital	9(a)	(2,219,785)	(2,302,420)
Retained earnings	9(b)(c)	2,669,625	2,882,346
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	9	449,840	579,926
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9(a)	1,446,379	1,438,049
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		0.3110	0.4033

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT LOSSES Dividend/Distribution income 28,268 17,323 Profit income 3,486 1,937 Net losses from Shariah-compliant investments: - - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") 8 (161,854) (5,280) Other net realised losses on foreign currency exchange (9,676) (18,646) Other net unrealised losses on foreign currency exchange (1) (6) Currency exchange (1) (10,000) Manager's fee 5 (15,112) (11,653) Trustee's fee 7 (10,000) (13,520)		Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
Profit income 3,486 1,937 Net losses from Shariah-compliant investments:	SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT LOSSES			
Profit income 3,486 1,937 Net losses from Shariah-compliant investments:	Dividend/Distribution income		28,268	17,323
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") 8 (161,854) (5,280) Other net realised losses on foreign currency exchange (9,676) (18,646) Other net unrealised losses on foreign currency exchange (1) (6) (139,777) (4,672) EXPENDITURE Manager's fee 5 (15,112) (11,653) Trustee's fee 7 (10,000) (10,000) Audit fee (8,500) (8,500) Tax agent's fee (5,200) (5,200) Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation (212,543) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Profit income		•	-
Other net realised losses on foreign currency exchange (9,676) (18,646) Other net unrealised losses on foreign currency exchange (1) (6) currency exchange (139,777) (4,672) EXPENDITURE Manager's fee 5 (15,112) (11,653) Trustee's fee 7 (10,000) (10,000) Audit fee (8,500) (8,500) Tax agent's fee (5,200) (5,200) Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	•			
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currency exchange (1) (39,777) (6) (139,777) EXPENDITURE Manager's fee 5 (15,112) (11,653) Trustee's fee 7 (10,000) (10,000) Audit fee (8,500) (8,500) Tax agent's fee (5,200) (5,200) Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) (72,766) (78,415) Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	G		(9,676)	(18,646)
Manager's fee 5	<u> </u>			
EXPENDITURE Manager's fee 5 (15,112) (11,653) Trustee's fee 7 (10,000) (10,000) Audit fee (8,500) (8,500) Tax agent's fee (5,200) (5,200) Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) (72,766) (78,415) Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	currency exchange	_		
Manager's fee 5 (15,112) (11,653) Trustee's fee 7 (10,000) (10,000) Audit fee (8,500) (8,500) Tax agent's fee (5,200) (5,200) Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) (72,766) (78,415) Net losses before taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)		_	(139,777)	(4,672)
Trustee's fee 7 (10,000) (10,000) Audit fee (8,500) (8,500) Tax agent's fee (5,200) (5,200) Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) (72,766) (78,415) Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	EXPENDITURE			
Trustee's fee 7 (10,000) (10,000) Audit fee (8,500) (8,500) Tax agent's fee (5,200) (5,200) Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) (72,766) (78,415) Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Manager's fee	5	(15.112)	(11.653)
Audit fee (8,500) (8,500) Tax agent's fee (5,200) (5,200) Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	<u> </u>		,	, ,
Brokerage and transaction fee (14,035) (13,521) Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) Ket losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Audit fee			
Custodian's fee (6,919) (16,332) Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) (72,766) (78,415) Net losses before taxation 11 (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Tax agent's fee		(5,200)	(5,200)
Other expenses (13,000) (13,209) Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Brokerage and transaction fee		(14,035)	(13,521)
Net losses before taxation (212,543) (83,087) Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Custodian's fee		(6,919)	(16,332)
Net losses before taxation Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Other expenses	_	(13,000)	(13,209)
Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)		_	(72,766)	(78,415)
Taxation 11 (178) (2,691) Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Not be a selected and a selected as		(0.40.7.40)	(00.00=)
Net losses after taxation, respresenting total comprehensive losses for the financial year (212,721) (85,778) Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)		4.4	•	
comprehensive losses for the financial year(212,721)(85,778)Total comprehensive losses comprises the following: Realised losses(181,581)(45,018)Unrealised losses(31,140)(40,760)		11 _	(178)	(2,691)
Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)		_	(212,721)	(85,778)
Realised losses (181,581) (45,018) Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	Total comprehensive losses comprises the following:			
Unrealised losses (31,140) (40,760)	·		(181,581)	(45,018)
			, ,	, ,
		_		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	Unit holders' capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total equity RM
At 1 July 2024 Total comprehensive loss		(2,302,420)	2,882,346	579,926
for the financial year		_	(212,721)	(212,721)
Creation of units	9(a)	2,094,393	-	2,094,393
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(2,011,758)	<u>-</u> _	(2,011,758)
Balance at 30 June 2025		(2,219,785)	2,669,625	449,840
At 1 July 2023 Total comprehensive loss		(2,296,039)	2,968,124	672,085
for the financial year		-	(85,778)	(85,778)
Creation of units	9(a)	292,802	-	292,802
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(299,183)	<u>-</u> _	(299,183)
Balance at 30 June 2024		(2,302,420)	2,882,346	579,926

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025 RM	2024 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of Shariah-compliant investments Purchases of Shariah-compliant investments Dividend/Distribution received Profit received Manager's fee paid Trustee's fee paid Tax agent's fee paid Custodian's fee paid Net tax paid Payments for other expenses Net cash used in operating and investing activities	1,514,530 (1,529,248) 27,633 3,486 (15,311) (9,999) - (6,919) (64) (35,302)	1,276,160 (1,244,056) 18,327 1,937 (11,794) (10,002) (5,200) (16,332) (1,690) (35,253)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	2,094,196 (2,011,758) 82,438	292,802 (299,183) (6,381)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	31,244 49,996	(34,284) 84,280
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	81,240	49,996
Cash and cash equivalents comprise: Cash at banks	81,240	49,996

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmASEAN Equity (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 9 March 2011 as amended by Deeds supplemental thereto (the "Deeds"), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee and all unit holders.

The Fund was set up with the objective to provide capital growth over the medium to long term by investing in Shariah-compliant equities and equity-related securities with exposure to the ASEAN markets. As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 30 June and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 6 June 2011.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 20 August 2025.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Effective for financial periods

Description beginning on or after

Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback* 1 January 2024

Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:

Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants 1 January 2024

Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows and MFRS 7

Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements 1 January 2024

Standards issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards issued but not yet effective (cont'd.)

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after

1 January 2026

1 January 2026

Description

Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in Foreign

Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability 1 January 2025

Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments and MFRS 7 Financial

Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classifications and

Measurement of Financial Instruments 1 January 2026

Amendments that are part of Annual Improvements - Volume 11:

Amendments to MERS 1 First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial

Amendments to MFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial

Reporting Standards

Amendments to MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments

Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements*

Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows

Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 Contracts Referencing Naturedependent Electricity*

MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements 1 January 2027
MFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures* 1 January 2027

Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution

of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture* Deferred

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Dividend/Distribution income

Dividend/Distribution income is recognised when the Fund's right to receive payment is established.

(ii) Profit income

Profit income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective profit method.

^{*} These MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

(iii) Gain or loss on disposal of Shariah-compliant investments

On disposal of Shariah-compliant investments, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the Shariah-compliant investments. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

3.4 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. At each reporting date, foreign currency monetary items are translated into RM at exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. All exchange gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

3.5 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid Shariah-compliant investments that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.6 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings and realised income. Realised income is the income earned from dividend/distribution income, profit income and net gain on disposal of Shariah-compliant investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a financial liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

3.7 Unit holders' capital

The unit holders' capital of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and is classified as equity instruments as it meets all criteria for such classification under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

3.8 Financial instruments – initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPP test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPP test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and profit and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the outstanding principal.

These Shariah-compliant investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these Shariah-compliant investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Dividend/Distribution revenue and profit earned elements of such instruments are recorded separately in "Dividend/Distribution income" and "Profit income" respectively. Exchange differences on financial assets at FVTPL are not recognised separately in profit or loss but are included in net gain or net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

The Fund subsequently measures its Shariah-compliant investments at FVTPL. Dividend/Distribution earned whilst holding the Shariah-compliant investments are recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established. Gains and losses on the Shariah-compliant investments, realised and unrealised, are included in profit or loss.

3.10 Financial liabilities - classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective profit rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.11 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For Shariah-compliant investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

3.13 Determination of fair value

For Shariah-compliant investments in local quoted equity securities, fair value is determined based on the closing price quoted on Bursa Malaysia Berhad. For Shariah-compliant investments in foreign listed securities, which are quoted in the respective stock exchanges, fair value will be determined based on the published market price quoted by the respective stock exchanges at the end of each business day. Purchased cost is the quoted price that the Fund paid when buying its investments. The difference between the purchased cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.14 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its Shariah-compliant investments as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its Shariah-compliant investments in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holders' cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENTS

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Financial assets at FVTPL		
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities - local Quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities	335,774	324,169
- foreign	52,999 388,773	222,977 547,146

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

4. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Details of Shariah-compliant investments as at 30 June 2025 are as follows:

Name of company	Number of shares	Fair value RM	Purchased cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity	securities - loc	al		
Consumer discretionary				
Bermaz Auto Berhad	9,800	7,595	23,335	1.69
DRB-HICOM Berhad	10,000	7,400	20,394	1.64
MBM Resources Berhad	2,700	12,555	14,480	2.79
Mr D.I.Y. Group (M) Berhad	3,200	5,248	5,828	1.17
	25,700	32,798	64,037	7.29
Consumer staples				
AEON Co. (M) Bhd.	3,400	4,760	4,590	1.06
Power Root Berhad	6,700	9,045	13,429	2.01
SD Guthrie Berhad (formerly known as Sime	0,700	3,043	10,420	2.01
Darby Plantation Berhad)	3,800	17,632	16,910	3.92
,	13,900	31,437	34,929	6.99
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	
Health care				
Hartalega Holdings Berhad	2,600	4,264	5,876	0.95
IHH Healthcare Berhad	700	4,774	4,837	1.06
Kossan Rubber Industries Berhad	4,800	7,104	8,761	1.58
KPJ Healthcare Berhad	2,300	6,118	5,704	1.36
Top Glove Corporation Bhd.	4,400	3,124	5,324	0.69
	14,800	25,384	30,502	5.64
Industrials				
CTOS Digital Berhad	15,600	14,742	24,180	3.28
Frontken Corporation Berhad	2,600	10,296	9,386	2.29
Gamuda Berhad	1,800	8,622	9,360 8,442	1.92
Kerjaya Prospek Group Berhad	7,100	14,697	14,413	3.27
MISC Berhad	2,300	17,457	19,632	3.88
Pentamaster Corporation Berhad	5,000	15,350	23,290	3.41
Samaiden Group Berhad	11,400	13,452	14,180	2.99
Sunway Berhad	1,200	5,640	5,592	1.25
UWC Berhad	3,900	7,449	14,455	1.65
	50,900	107,705	133,570	23.94
				•

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

4. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Details of Shariah-compliant investments as at 30 June 2025 are as follows: (cont'd.)

Name of company	Number of shares	Fair value RM	Purchased cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %						
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity	Quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities - local (cont'd.)									
Information technology										
Unisem (M) Berhad	4,600	10,442	18,814	2.32						
V.S. Industry Berhad	12,902	10,644	15,616	2.37						
	17,502	21,086	34,430	4.69						
Materials										
Jaya Tiasa Holdings Berhad Press Metal Aluminium Holdings	4,400	4,840	4,783	1.08						
Berhad	4,300	22,274	21,740	4.95						
_	8,700	27,114	26,523	6.03						
Real estate Eco World Development Group Berhad Matrix Concepts Holdings Berhad Skyworld Development Berhad UEM Sunrise Berhad	6,500 10,700 17,800 13,000 48,000	12,610 14,338 7,832 9,230 44,010	11,440 14,338 11,140 9,545 46,463	2.80 3.19 1.74 2.05 9.78						
Telecommunication services										
Axiata Group Berhad	7,600	17,556	29,972	3.90						
CelcomDigi Berhad	3,900	15,327	13,260	3.41						
Maxis Berhad	3,700	13,357	13,431	2.97						
<u>-</u>	15,200	46,240	56,663	10.28						
Total quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities - local	194,702	335,774	427,117	74.64						
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities - foreign										
Indonesia										
Energy PT AKR Corporindo Tbk	19,300	5,803	8,161	1.29						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

4. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Details of Shariah-compliant investments as at 30 June 2025 are as follows: (cont'd.)

				Fair value as a
Name of company	Number of shares	Fair value RM	Purchased cost RM	percentage of NAV %
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity	securities - fore	eign (cont'd	.)	
Indonesia (cont'd.)				
Health care PT Kalbe Farma Tbk	16,000	6,324	6,718	1.40
Materials PT Semen Indonesia (Persero) Tbk	6,900	4,811	13,162	1.07
Total in Indonesia	42,200	16,938	28,041	3.76
Singapore				
Information technology Venture Corporation Limited	200	7,541	11,234	1.68
Telecommunication services Singapore Telecommunications Limited	600	7,574	6,014	1.68
Total in Singapore	800	15,115	17,248	3.36
Thailand				
Energy PTT Exploration and Production Public Company Limited	400	5,677	6,616	1.26
Health care Bangkok Dusit Medical Services Public Company			.	
Limited	2,900	7,819	9,156	1.74

5.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

4. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Details of Shariah-compliant investments as at 30 June 2025 are as follows: (cont'd.)

Name of company	Number of shares	Fair value RM	Purchased cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
Quoted Shariah-compliant equity	securities - for	reign (cont'd)	
Thailand (cont'd.)				
Industrials Airports of Thailand Public Company Limited	1,900	7,450	16,853	1.66
Total in Thailand	5,200	20,946	32,625	4.66
Total quoted Shariah-compliant equity securities - foreign	48,200	52,999	77,914	11.78
Total financial assets at FVTPL	242,902	388,773	505,031	86.42
Shortfall of fair value over purchased cost (116,258)				
AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER				
			2025 RM	2024 RM
(a) Due from Manager Creation of units			197	<u>-</u>
(b) Due to Manager Manager's fee payable			727	926

- (i) This represents amount receivable from the Manager for units created.
 - The normal credit period in the current financial year for creation of units is three business days.
- (ii) Manager's fee is at a rate of 1.80% (2024: 1.80%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the current and previous financial years for Manager's fee payable is one month.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

6. AMOUNT DUE FROM/TO BROKERS

Amount due from/to brokers arose from the sale/purchase of investments. The settlement period is within two business days from the transaction date.

7. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee fee is at a rate of 0.06% (2024: 0.06%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis subject to a minimum fee of RM10,000 per annum.

The normal credit period in the current and previous financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

8. NET LOSSES FROM SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENTS

	2025	2024
	RM	RM
Net losses on financial assets at FVTPL comprised: - Net realised (loss)/gain on sale of Shariah-compliant		
investments	(122,850)	28,103
Net realised (loss)/gain on foreign currency exchangeNet unrealised losses on changes in fair value of	(7,865)	7,371
Shariah-compliant investments - Net unrealised losses on foreign currency fluctuation of Shariah-compliant investments denominated in foreign	(29,939)	(25,557)
currency	(1,200)	(15,197)
	(161,854)	(5,280)

9. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity is represented by:

	Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
Unit holders' capital Retained earnings	(a)	(2,219,785)	(2,302,420)
- Realised income	(b)	2,785,883	2,967,464
 Unrealised losses 	(c)	(116,258)	(85,118)
		449,840	579,926

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

9. TOTAL EQUITY (CONT'D.)

(a) Unit holders' capital/Units in circulation

	202	25	2024		
	Number of units	RM	Number of units	RM	
At beginning of the					
financial year	1,438,049	(2,302,420)	1,460,314	(2,296,039)	
Creation during the					
financial year	5,349,751	2,094,393	679,670	292,802	
Cancellation during the					
financial year	(5,341,421)	(2,011,758)	(701,935)	(299,183)	
At end of the financial year	1,446,379	(2,219,785)	1,438,049	(2,302,420)	

The negative balance of unit holders' capital is due to the cancellation of units at a higher NAV per unit following the price appreciation of the Fund as compared to the units being created at a lower NAV per unit in prior years.

(b) Realised

		2025 RM	2024 RM
	At beginning of the financial year Net realised losses for the financial year At end of the financial year	2,967,464 (181,581) 2,785,883	3,012,482 (45,018) 2,967,464
(c)	Unrealised		
		2025 RM	2024 RM
	At beginning of the financial year Net unrealised losses for the financial year At end of the financial year	(85,118) (31,140) (116,258)	(44,358) (40,760) (85,118)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties AmFunds Management Berhad AmInvestment Bank Berhad AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB") Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB as disclosed in its financial statements Relationships The Manager Holding company of the Manager Ultimate holding company of the Manager Subsidiaries and associate companies of the ultimate holding company of the Manager

There are no units held by the Manager or any other related party as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

11. TAXATION

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Local tax - current year	_	1,836
- (over)/under provision in prior year	(757)	65
Foreign tax	935	790
	178	2,691

Income tax payable is calculated on Shariah-compliant investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

Pursuant to the Finance Act 2021, income derived by a resident person from sources outside Malaysia and received in Malaysia from 1 January 2022 will no longer be exempted from tax. Foreign-sourced income ("FSI") received in Malaysia will be taxed at the prevailing tax rate(s) of the taxpayer and based on applicable tax rules. Bilateral or unilateral tax credits may be allowed if the same income has suffered foreign tax, and where relevant conditions are met.

Based on the Income Tax (Unit Trust in relation to Income Received in Malaysia from Outside Malaysia) (Exemption) Order 2024, a qualifying unit trust is exempted from the payment of income tax in respect of the gross income from all sources of income under section 4 of the Act which is received in Malaysia from outside Malaysia between 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2026.

The taxation charged for the financial year is related to withholding tax derived from countries including Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines and Thailand calculated at the rates prevailing in these countries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

11. TAXATION (CONT'D.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net losses before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Net losses before taxation	(212,543)	(83,087)
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2024: 24%) Tax effects of:	(51,010)	(19,941)
Income not subject to tax	(6,820)	(10,026)
Losses not allowed for tax deduction	41,302	14,257
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	5,100	4,353
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	11,796	13,983
Permitted expenses not used and not available for future		
financial years	567	-
(Over)/Under provision in prior year	(757)	65
Tax expense for the financial year	178	2,691

12. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2025 % p.a.	2024 % p.a.
Manager's fee	1.80	1.80
Trustee's fee	1.19	1.54
Fund's other expenses	4.01	6.68
Total TER	7.00	10.02

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

13. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of Shariah-compliant investments to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 1.79 times (2024: 1.99 times).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

14. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

The Manager and Investment Committee of the Fund are responsible for allocating resources available to the Fund in accordance with the overall investment strategies as set out in the Investment Guidelines of the Fund. The Fund is managed by two segments:

- A portfolio of Shariah-compliant equity instruments including CIS; and
- A portfolio of Shariah-compliant fixed income instruments.

The investment objective of each segment is to achieve consistent returns from the Shariah-compliant investments in each segment while safeguarding capital by investing in diversified portfolios. There have been no changes in reportable segments in the current financial year.

	Equity portfolio RM	2025 Fixed income portfolio RM	Total RM	Equity portfolio RM	2024 Fixed income portfolio RM	Total RM
Dividend/						
Distribution income	28,268	-	28,268	17,323	-	17,323
Profit income	-	3,486	3,486	-	1,937	1,937
Net losses from investments: – Financial assets						
at FVTPL	(161,854)	_	(161,854)	(5,280)	_	(5,280)
Other net realised losses on foreign	(101,004)		(101,004)	(3,200)		(3,200)
currency exchange	(9,676)	-	(9,676)	(18,646)	-	(18,646)
Other net unrealised						
losses on foreign	(4)		(4)	(0)		(0)
currency exchange	(1)		(1)	(6)		(6)
Total segment investment losses for the financial						
year	(143,263)	3,486	(139,777)	(6,609)	1,937	(4,672)
Financial assets at						
FVTPL	388,773	-	388,773	547,146	-	547,146
Dividend receivables	456	-	456	757	-	757
Amount due from brokers				25.047		25.047
Total segment	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	25,947	<u> </u>	25,947
assets	389,229	-	389,229	573,850	_	573,850

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

14. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (CONT'D.)

	Equity portfolio RM	2025 Fixed income portfolio RM	Total RM	Equity portfolio RM	2024 Fixed income portfolio RM	Total RM
Amount due to brokers	_	_	_	27,508	_	27,508
Total segment liability		-	-	27,508	-	27,508

Expenses of the Fund are not considered part of the performance of any investment segment. The following table provides reconciliation between the net reportable segment losses and net losses after taxation:

	2025	2024
	RM	RM
Net reportable segment investment losses	(139,777)	(4,672)
Less: Expenses	(72,766)	(78,415)
Net losses before taxation	(212,543)	(83,087)
Taxation	(178)	(2,691)
Net losses after taxation	(212,721)	(85,778)

In addition, certain assets and liabilities are not considered to be part of the net assets or liabilities of an individual segment. The following table provides reconciliation between the net reportable segment assets and liabilities and total financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund.

2025 BM	2024 RM
KIVI	KIVI
389,229	573,850
197	-
-	232
1,130	309
81,240	49,996
471,796	624,387
-	27,508
727	926
821	820
20,408	15,207
21,956	44,461
	RM 389,229 197 - 1,130 81,240 471,796 - 727 821 20,408

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with brokers for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 are as follows:

			Brokerage fee, stamp	
	Transactions value		duty and clearing fee	
	RM	%	RM	%
Public Investment Bank Berhad	949,690	31.65	4,293	30.59
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad	580,744	19.36	2,564	18.27
Macquarie Securities (Australia) Limited	426,542	14.22	2,184	15.56
AmInvestment Bank Berhad*	403,277	13.44	1,871	13.33
CLSA Limited (Hong Kong)	214,267	7.14	1,364	9.72
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	197,645	6.59	830	5.92
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	146,333	4.88	633	4.51
Maybank Investment Bank Berhad	32,295	1.08	140	0.99
Macquarie Securities Ltd. (SG)	25,479	0.85	87	0.62
Daiwa Capital Markets Hong Kong				
Limited	12,029	0.40	29	0.21
Others	11,698	0.39	40	0.28
Total	2,999,999	100.00	14,035	100.00

^{*} A financial institution related to the Manager.

The Manager is of the opinion that the above transactions have been entered in the normal course of business and have been established under terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with independent third parties.

The above transactions are in respect of Shariah-compliant quoted equity securities.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2025				
Financial assets				
Shariah-compliant				
investments	388,773	-	-	388,773
Dividend receivables	-	456	-	456
Amount due from Manager	-	197	-	197
Cash at banks		81,240		81,240
Total financial assets	388,773	81,893	-	470,666
Financial liabilities			707	707
Amount due to Manager	-	-	727	727
Amount due to Trustee	<u> </u>		1,548	821
Total financial liabilities			1,346	1,548
2024				
Financial assets				
Shariah-compliant				
investments	547,146	-	-	547,146
Dividend receivables	-	757	-	757
Amount due from brokers	-	25,947	-	25,947
Other receivable	-	232	-	232
Cash at banks		49,996		49,996
Total financial assets	547,146	76,932	_	624,078
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities			926	926
Amount due to Manager Amount due to brokers	-	-	926 27,508	
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	820	27,508 820
Total financial liabilities	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	29,254	29,254
i otai iiiiaiiciai iiabiiities			29,254	23,254

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Income, expenses, gains and losses	
	2025	2024
	RM	RM
Income, of which derived from:		
 Dividend/Distribution income from financial 		
assets at FVTPL	28,268	17,323
 Profit income from financial assets at amortised cost 	3,486	1,937
Net losses from financial assets at FVTPL	(161,854)	(5,280)
 Other net realised losses on foreign currency exchange 	(9,676)	(18,646)
 Other net unrealised losses on foreign currency 		
exchange	(1)	(6)

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2025 Financial assets at FVTPL	388,773	-	_	388,773
2024 Financial assets at FVTPL	547,146	-,		547,146

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

- Dividend receivables
- Amount due from/to Manager
- Amount due from/to brokers
- Other receivable
- Cash at banks
- Amount due to Trustee

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, country risk, management risk, non-compliance risk and Shariah non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of Shariah-compliant investments coupled with stringent compliance to Shariah-Compliant investments restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Islamic Capital Market Products and Services, and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Price risk

Price risk refers to the uncertainty of an investment's future prices. In the event of adverse price movements, the Fund might endure potential loss on its quoted Shariah-compliant investments. In managing price risk, the Manager actively monitors the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk (cont'd.)

(i) Price risk (cont'd.)

The result below summarised the price risk sensitivity of the Fund's NAV due to movements of price by -5.00% and +5.00% respectively:

Percentage movements in	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV		
price by:	2025 2024		
	RM	RM	
-5.00%	(19,439)	27,357	
+5.00%	19,439	(27,357)	

(ii) Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk will affect the value of the Fund's Shariah-compliant investments, given the profit rate movements, which are influenced by regional and local economic developments as well as political developments.

Domestic profit rates on Shariah-compliant deposits and placements with licensed financial institutions are determined based on prevailing market rates.

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency. Currency risk refers to the potential loss the Fund might face due to unfavorable fluctuations of currencies other than the Fund's functional currency against the Fund's functional currency.

The result below summarised the currency risk sensitivity of the Fund's NAV due to appreciation/depreciation of the Fund's functional currency against currencies other than the Fund's functional currency.

currencies other than the	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV		
Fund's functional currency:	2025 2024		
	RM	RM	
-5.00%	(2,657)	(11,163)	
+5.00%	2,657	11,163	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk (cont'd.)

(iii) Currency risk (cont'd.)

The net unhedged financial assets of the Fund that are not denominated in Fund's functional currency are as follows:

	2025		2024		
Financial assets	RM	% of	RM	% of	
denominated in	equivalent	NAV	equivalent	NAV	
Indonesian Rupiah					
Shariah-compliant					
investments	16,938	3.77	51,926	8.95	
Cash at bank	138	0.03	<u> </u>		
	17,076	3.80	51,926	8.95	
Philippine Peso					
Shariah-compliant					
investments	-	-	32,357	5.58	
Dividend receivables	<u>-</u>		290	0.05	
	_	-	32,647	5.63	
Singapore Dollar					
Shariah-compliant					
investments	15,115	3.36	57,421	9.90	
Thailand Baht					
Shariah-compliant					
investments	20,946	4.66	81,274	14.01	
Cash at bank	20,010	-1.50	1	_*	
odo. / de baine	20,946	4.66	81,275	14.01	

^{*} represents less than 0.01%

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk applies to Shariah-compliant deposits and dividends receivables. The issuer of such instruments may not be able to fulfill the required profit payments or repay the principal invested or amount owing. These risks may cause the Fund's Shariah-compliant investments to fluctuate in value.

Cash at banks are held for liquidity purposes and are not exposed to significant credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. This is also the risk of Fund experiencing large redemptions, when the Investment Manager could be forced to sell large volumes of its holdings at unfavorable prices to meet redemption requirements.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

The Fund's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of not more than six months.

(d) Single issuer risk

Internal policy restricts the Fund from investing in securities issued by any issuer of not more than a certain percentage of its NAV. Under such restriction, the risk exposure to the securities of any single issuer is diversified and managed based on internal/external ratings.

(e) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

(f) Country risk

The risk of price fluctuation in foreign securities may arise due to political, financial and economic events in foreign countries. If this occurs, there is possibility that the NAV of the Fund may be adversely affected.

(g) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

(h) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with the respective internal policies, the Deeds, securities law or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(i) Shariah non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Fund not conforming to Shariah Investment Guidelines. The Shariah Adviser for the Fund would be responsible for ensuring that the Fund is managed and administered in accordance with Shariah Investment Guidelines. Note that as the Fund can only invest in Shariah-compliant instruments, non-compliance may adversely affect the NAV of the Fund when the rectification of non-compliance results in losses.

20. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in Shariah-compliant investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its Prospectus;
- (b) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- (c) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial years.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Wong Weng Tuck, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmASEAN Equity (the "Fund") as at 30 June 2025 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

WONG WENG TUCK

Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 20 August 2025

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF AMASEAN EQUITY ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong Head, Fund Operations Sylvia Beh Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 20 August 2025 SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT FOR ISLAMIC UNIT TRUST FUND

To the unit holders of AmASEAN Equity ("Fund"),

We hereby confirm the following:

1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds

Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by

these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and requirements and

complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities

Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters: and

2. The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah-

compliant.

For Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar

Executive Chairman

Date: 20 August 2025

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DIRECTORY

Head Office 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group

55, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur Tel: (03) 2032 2888 Facsimile: (03) 2031 5210

Email: enquiries@aminvest.com

Postal Address AmFunds Management Berhad

P.O Box 13611, 50816 Kuala Lumpur

For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),

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AmFunds Management Berhad 198601005272 (154432-A)
9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group
55 Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Email: enquiries@aminvest.com