

Annual Report for

AmIncome Plus

31 October 2025



TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad
9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group
55 Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur

Trustee

AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad

Auditors and Reporting Accountants

Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation Adviser

Deloitte Malaysia Tax Services Sdn. Bhd.
(formerly known as Deloitte Tax Services Sdn. Bhd.)

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MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of AmIncome Plus ("Fund") for the financial year ended 31 October 2025.

Salient Information of the Fund

Name	AmIncome Plus ("Fund")
Category/ Type	Fixed Income / Income
Objective	<p>The Fund is a short to medium-term fixed income fund which aims to provide you with enhanced returns.</p> <p><i>Note: Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.</i></p>
Duration	<p>The Fund was established on 26 November 2001 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.</p>
Performance Benchmark	<p>Malayan Banking Berhad 1-Month Fixed Deposit Rate. (Available at www.aminvest.com / www.maybank2u.com.my)</p> <p><i>Note: The benchmark does not imply that the risk profile of the Fund is the same as the risk profile of the benchmark. Investors of the Fund will assume a higher risk compared to the benchmark. Hence, the returns of the Fund may be potentially higher due to the higher risk faced by the investors.</i></p>
Income Distribution Policy	<p>Subject to the availability of income, distribution will be made at least twice every year.</p> <p>At the Manager's discretion, the Fund may distribute from its gain, income and capital. The rationale for distribution out of capital is to allow the Fund the ability to (i) distribute income on a regular basis in accordance with the distribution policy of the Fund or (ii) increase the amount of distributable income to the Unit Holders, after taking into consideration the risk of distributing out of capital.</p> <p>Distribution out of the Fund's capital has the effect of lowering the NAV of the Fund, may reduce part of the Unit Holders' original investment and may also result in reduced future returns to Unit Holders. When a substantial amount of the original investment is being returned to the Unit Holders, it has a risk of eroding the capital of the Fund and may, over time, cause the NAV of the Fund to fall. The greater the risk of capital erosion that exists, the greater the likelihood that, due to capital erosion, the value of future returns would also be diminished.</p>

Fund Performance Data

Portfolio Composition	Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 31 October are as follows:			
		As at 31 October		
		2025 %	2024 %	2023 %
	Commercial paper	1.81	-	-
	Corporate bonds	74.89	86.00	81.55
	Government Investment Issue	11.12	2.66	6.47
	Malaysian Government Securities	3.70	-	-
	Money market deposits and cash equivalents	8.48	11.34	11.98
	Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.			
Performance Details	Performance details of the Fund for the financial years ended 31 October are as follows:			
		FYE 2025	FYE 2024	FYE 2023
	Net asset value (RM)	275,399,956	375,165,459	462,630,501
	Units in circulation	420,374,305	557,738,095	713,088,343
	Net asset value per unit (RM)	0.6551	0.6727	0.6488
	Highest net asset value per unit (RM)	0.6751	0.6728	0.6544
	Lowest net asset value per unit (RM)	0.6454	0.6488	0.6321
	Benchmark performance (%)	2.12	2.45	2.53
	Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾	3.94	4.79	4.59
	- Capital growth (%)	-2.42	3.68	2.54
	- Income distributions (%)	6.36	1.11	2.05
	Gross distributions (RM sen per unit)	4.2782	0.7178	1.3000
	Net distributions (RM sen per unit)	4.2782	0.7178	1.3000
	Total expense ratio (%) ⁽²⁾	0.83	0.82	0.82
	Portfolio turnover ratio (times) ⁽³⁾	0.90	0.60	0.82
	Note:			
	(1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees. Total return is calculated based on the published NAV/unit (last business day).			
	(2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The TER increased by 0.01% as compared to 0.82% per annum for the financial year ended 31 October 2024 mainly due to decrease in average fund size.			
	(3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The increase in the PTR for 2025 and decrease in 2024 were due mainly to investing activities.			
Average Total Return (as at 31 October 2025)				
	AmlIncome Plus ^(a) %		Benchmark ^(b) %	
One year	3.94		2.12	
Three years	4.44		2.36	
Five years	3.15		2.06	
Ten years	3.65		2.46	

Annual Total Return

Financial Years Ended (31 October)	AmlIncome Plus ^(a) %	Benchmark ^(b) %
2025	3.94	2.12
2024	4.79	2.45
2023	4.59	2.53
2022	1.56	1.73
2021	0.93	1.50

(a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.

(b) Malayan Banking Berhad 1-Month Fixed Deposit Rate.

(Available at www.aminvest.com / www.maybank2u.com.my)

The Fund performance is calculated based on the net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

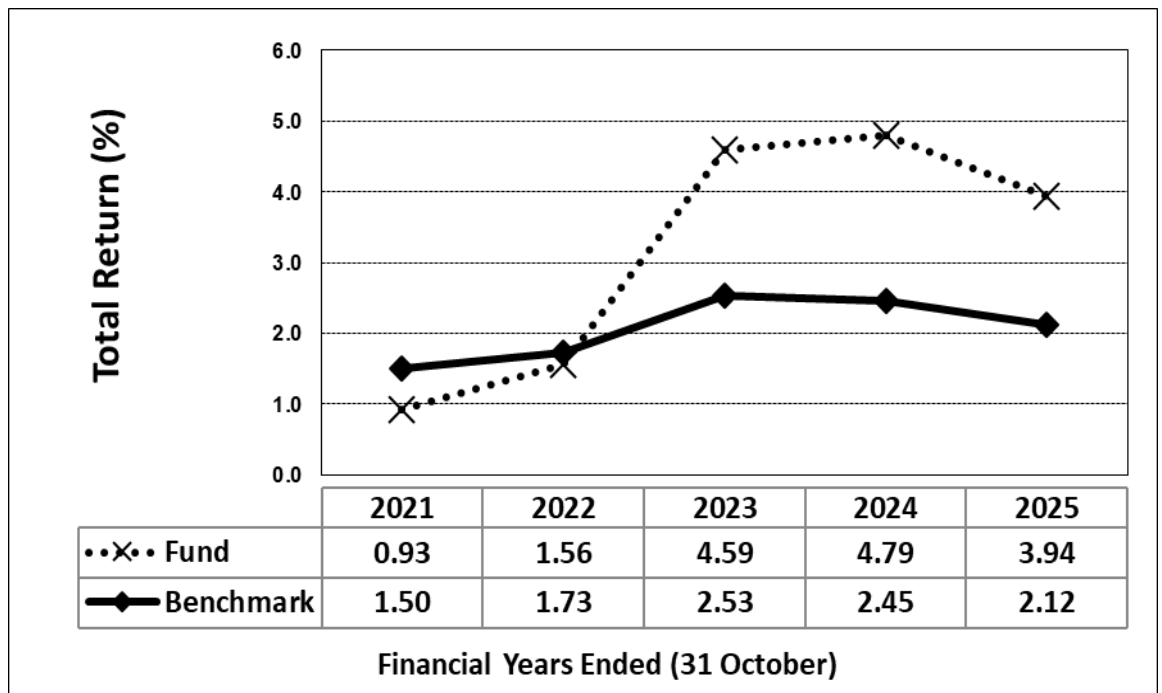
Fund Performance

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a return of 3.94% comprising of negative 2.42% capital and 6.36% income distributions.

Thus, the Fund's return of 3.94% has outperformed the benchmark's return of 2.12% by 1.82%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 October 2024, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund decreased by 2.62% from RM0.6727 to RM0.6551, while units in circulation decreased by 24.63% from 557,738,095 units to 420,374,305 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of AmlIncome Plus and its benchmark for the financial years ended 31 October.



Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Strategies and Policies Employed	The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing primarily in short to medium-term fixed income instruments with the following minimum credit rating of: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Short-term credit rating of P2 by RAM; or• Long-term credit rating of A3 by RAM; or• its equivalent as rated by a local or global rating agency.																															
Portfolio Structure	<p>The table below is the asset allocation of the Fund as at 31 October 2025 and 31 October 2024.</p> <table><tr><th></th><th>As at 31.10.2025 %</th><th>As at 31.10.2024 %</th><th>Changes %</th></tr><tr><td>Commercial paper</td><td>1.81</td><td>-</td><td>1.81</td></tr><tr><td>Corporate bonds</td><td>74.89</td><td>86.00</td><td>-11.11</td></tr><tr><td>Government Investment Issue</td><td>11.12</td><td>2.66</td><td>8.46</td></tr><tr><td>Malaysian Government Securities</td><td>3.70</td><td>-</td><td>3.70</td></tr><tr><td>Money market deposits and cash equivalents</td><td>8.48</td><td>11.34</td><td>-2.86</td></tr><tr><td>Total</td><td>100.00</td><td>100.00</td><td></td></tr></table> <p>As at end of the financial year under review, the Fund has 1.81% of its NAV invested in commercial paper, 74.89% invested in corporate bonds, 11.12% invested in Government Investment Issues, 3.70% invested in Malaysian Government Securities and the remaining 8.48% of its NAV was in money market deposits and cash equivalents.</p>					As at 31.10.2025 %	As at 31.10.2024 %	Changes %	Commercial paper	1.81	-	1.81	Corporate bonds	74.89	86.00	-11.11	Government Investment Issue	11.12	2.66	8.46	Malaysian Government Securities	3.70	-	3.70	Money market deposits and cash equivalents	8.48	11.34	-2.86	Total	100.00	100.00	
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Total	100.00	100.00																														
Securities Lending / Repurchase Transactions	The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions (collectively referred to as “securities financing transactions”).																															
Cross Trade	There were no cross trades undertaken during the financial year under review.																															
Distributions/ Unit Splits	<p>During the financial year under review, the Fund declared income distributions, detailed as follows:</p> <table><tr><th>Date of distributions</th><th>Distributions per unit RM (sen)</th><th>NAV per unit Cum-Distributions (RM)</th><th>NAV per unit Ex-Distributions (RM)</th></tr><tr><td>20-Dec-24</td><td>2.9558</td><td>0.6749</td><td>0.6454</td></tr><tr><td>25-Jun-25</td><td>1.3224</td><td>0.6603</td><td>0.6471</td></tr></table> <p>There is no unit split declared for the financial year under review.</p>				Date of distributions	Distributions per unit RM (sen)	NAV per unit Cum-Distributions (RM)	NAV per unit Ex-Distributions (RM)	20-Dec-24	2.9558	0.6749	0.6454	25-Jun-25	1.3224	0.6603	0.6471																
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State of Affairs	There has been neither significant changes to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unitholders during the financial year under review.																															
Rebates and Soft Commission	During the year, the management company did not receive soft commissions by virtue of transactions conducted for the Fund.																															
Market Review	In November 2024, the Malaysian bond market experienced a rally driven by bullish sentiment in the United States Treasury (UST) following the United States (US) presidential election. The Republican victory heightened inflation fears and dampened expectations of Federal Reserve (Fed) rate cuts, leading to a sell-off in UST post-																															

	<p>election. However, this was partially reversed later in the month. Locally, sentiment was further supported by the Bank Negara Malaysia's (BNM) announcement to cancel the 3-year Government Investment Issues (GII). December ended on a softer note with profit-taking and bearish global bond backdrop, driven by the United States (US) Federal Reserve's (Fed) more hawkish policy guidance and higher-than-expected inflation expectations and partly contributed by lack of liquidity in second half of December. This is despite positive news from BNM's announcement of a smaller-than-expected final government bond auction for the year provided some support.</p> <p>Ringgit government bonds started the year 2025 slightly stronger with decent bids as market participants began to build up inventories. Meanwhile, the lower-than-expected inflation prints in the US fueled a relief rally in United States Treasury (UST) but local bond market remained largely stable. Despite volatility in the UST market, the local bond market remained calm and supportive, buoyed by less hawkish pricing of UST and better regional sentiment from the continued pause in Trump tariffs. Towards end of 1Q2025, growing concerns over tariffs, higher inflation expectation and slowing economic growth in US prompted investor to seek refuge in safer assets, causing UST yield curve to steepen while local bond market rallied, supported by strong domestic liquidity. The government securities continued to rally across all tenures in April 2025, reflecting market pricing of a potential 25bps rate cut in 2025, following the lower-than-consensus first quarter gross domestic production (GDP) reading for Malaysia.</p> <p>From April to July 2025, Malaysia's bond market maintained bullish momentum, driven by dovish policy signals from BNM, including a 100bps cut to the statutory reserve requirement in May and a 25bps reduction in the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) in July. These moves, coupled with record-high net foreign inflows of RM13.5 billion in May, bolstered investor confidence in ringgit-denominated bonds. Despite global headwinds such as UST volatility and a weak United States Dollar (USD), the market showed resilience in June and continued to strengthen in July, with the Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) yield curve bull-flattening amid cautious optimism and a stable domestic growth outlook.</p> <p>In August, MGS yield curve bull-steepened and ended the month with gains (except for the 10Y tenure) as market further priced-in potential 25bps rate cut from BNM this year. However, the ringgit bond rally saw some moderation towards the end of the month as investors dialed back expectation for another OPR cut this year. In September 2025, MGS weakened as profit-taking activities dominated the market, driving yields higher across the curve. Investors' sentiment was also dampened by weaker bid-to-cover ratio at the 15Y MGS auction, resulting in a more cautious tone in the domestic bond market. Following the selloff in September 2025, the local bond market continued to remain cautious in October 2025 with yields across the curve inched higher. All in all, the MGS curve steepened, with the long-end MGS yields moved higher (between 7 and 10bps) than the short-end MGS yields (between 3 and 5bps).</p>
Market Outlook	<p>As we approach the year-end, activity in the Malaysian bond market has slowed and supply pressures have largely eased with earlier issuances absorbed. Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) is expected to maintain the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR), providing stability and preventing aggressive yield compression. While the United States (US) Federal Reserve (Fed) has begun cutting rates and global markets are pricing in further easing, Malaysian yields are likely to remain modestly lower or range-bound rather than experience a sharp decline.</p> <p>Key factors supporting this outlook include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stable monetary policy: BNM's decision to hold OPR limits the downside for domestic yields. • Reduced supply risk: Government bond issuance concerns have subsided. • Global uncertainties: Geopolitical risks and potential supply shocks could still inject volatility. <p>Domestic institutional demand remains a strong anchor for the bond market, while</p>

foreign interest should persist given Malaysia's attractive yield differential and currency strength. Malaysia Ringgit, currently at a one-year high, is supported by expectations of steady domestic monetary policy rates amid U.S. rate cuts.

Additional Information of the Fund

List highlighting the amendments for the Fifteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 5 August 2025 (the "Fifteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus") with Securities Commission Malaysia. The Fifteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus has to be read in conjunction with the Master Prospectus dated 10 September 2017, the First Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 4 January 2018, the Second Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 20 December 2018, the Third Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 5 August 2019, the Fourth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 8 November 2019, the Fifth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 31 March 2021, the Sixth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 28 July 2021, the Seventh Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 26 October 2021, the Eighth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 20 December 2021, the Ninth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 12 December 2022, the Tenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 31 August 2023, the Eleventh Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 1 March 2024, the Twelfth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 27 March 2025, and the Thirteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 2 May 2025 and the Fourteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 25 June 2025 (collectively, the "Prospectuses").

No	Prior disclosure in the Prospectuses	Revised disclosure in the Fifteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus
1.	<p>"1. DEFINITIONS", "Business Day"</p> <p>Business Day A day on which the Bursa Malaysia and/or commercial banks in Kuala Lumpur are open for business</p> <p>The Manager may declare certain Business Days to be non-Business Days although Bursa Malaysia and/or commercial banks in Kuala Lumpur are open, if the markets in which the Fund is invested are closed for business. This is to ensure that investors are given a fair valuation of the Fund when making subscriptions or redemptions. This information will be communicated to you via our website at www.aminvest.com. Alternatively, you may contact our customer service at (603) 2032 2888.</p>	<p>"1. DEFINITIONS", "Business Day"</p> <p>Business Day A day on which the Bursa Malaysia and/or commercial banks in Kuala Lumpur are open for business.</p> <p>The Manager may declare certain Business Days to be non-Business Days although Bursa Malaysia and/or commercial banks in Kuala Lumpur are open, if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the markets in which the Fund is invested in are closed for business; and/or (ii) the management company or investment manager of the Target Fund declares a non-business day and/or non-dealing day. <p>This is to ensure that investors are given a fair valuation of the Fund when making subscriptions or redemptions. This information will be communicated to you via our website at www.aminvest.com. Alternatively, you may contact our Customer Service at (603) 2032 2888.</p>

2.	<p>“3. THE FUNDS’ DETAILED INFORMATION”, Section 3.6 List of Current Deed and Supplementary Deed</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="204 253 464 1301">AmIncome Plus</td><td data-bbox="464 253 813 1301"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Arab-Malaysian Master Trust Deed dated 30 October 2001 - 1st Supplemental Deed dated 3 October 2002 - 2nd Supplemental Deed dated 11 September 2003 - 19th Supplemental Deed dated 20 August 2008 - 20th Supplemental Deed dated 3 March 2015 - 22nd Supplemental Deed dated 28 April 2021 - 23rd Supplemental Master Deed dated 20 July 2022 - 24th Supplemental Master Deed dated 20 April 2023 - 25th Supplemental Master Deed dated 29 January 2024 </td></tr> </table>	AmIncome Plus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Arab-Malaysian Master Trust Deed dated 30 October 2001 - 1st Supplemental Deed dated 3 October 2002 - 2nd Supplemental Deed dated 11 September 2003 - 19th Supplemental Deed dated 20 August 2008 - 20th Supplemental Deed dated 3 March 2015 - 22nd Supplemental Deed dated 28 April 2021 - 23rd Supplemental Master Deed dated 20 July 2022 - 24th Supplemental Master Deed dated 20 April 2023 - 25th Supplemental Master Deed dated 29 January 2024
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3.	<p>“14. TAXATION”</p>		

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AmIncome Plus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Arab-Malaysian Master Trust Deed dated 30 October 2001 - 1st Supplemental Deed dated 3 October 2002 - 2nd Supplemental Deed dated 11 September 2003 - 19th Supplemental Deed dated 20 August 2008 - 20th Supplemental Deed dated 3 March 2015 - 22nd Supplemental Deed dated 28 April 2021 - 23rd Supplemental Master Deed dated 20 July 2022 - 24th Supplemental Master Deed dated 20 April 2023 - 25th Supplemental Master Deed dated 29 January 2024 - 26th Supplemental Master Deed dated 30 June 2025 		

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
AmFunds Management Berhad

18 December 2025

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmlIncome Plus

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AmlIncome Plus (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position of the Fund as at 31 October 2025, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 12 to 42.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 October 2025, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code") as applicable to auditors of financial statements of public interest entities and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of AmIncome Plus (cont'd.)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmlIncome Plus (cont'd.)**

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmlIncome Plus (cont'd.)**

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT
202006000003 (LLP0022760 - LCA) & AF 0039
Chartered Accountants

Ng Sue Ean
No. 03276/07/2026 J
Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
18 December 2025

AmlIncome Plus

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2025

	Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
ASSETS			
Investments	4	252,043,446	332,595,211
Deposit with licensed financial institution	5	-	20,049,315
Amount due from Manager	6(a)	1,008,848	1,753,992
Interest receivables		124,350	-
Cash at banks		22,471,474	21,090,486
TOTAL ASSETS		275,648,118	375,489,004
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager	6(b)	201,348	286,293
Amount due to Trustee	7	16,475	21,950
Sundry payables and accruals		30,339	15,302
TOTAL LIABILITIES		248,162	323,545
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		275,399,956	375,165,459
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital	9(a)	204,710,240	298,454,377
Retained earnings	9(b)(c)	70,689,716	76,711,082
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	9	275,399,956	375,165,459
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9(a)	420,374,305	557,738,095
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		0.6551	0.6727

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmlIncome Plus

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

	Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest income		10,475,506	16,146,513
Net gains from investments:			
– Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)	8	<u>420,000</u>	<u>4,961,873</u>
		<u>10,895,506</u>	<u>21,108,386</u>
EXPENDITURE			
Management fee	6	(1,793,727)	(2,809,157)
Trustee’s fee	7	(167,415)	(262,188)
Audit fee		(8,500)	(8,500)
Tax agent’s fee		(4,100)	(4,100)
Other expenses		<u>(21,503)</u>	<u>(6,029)</u>
		<u>(1,995,245)</u>	<u>(3,089,974)</u>
Net income before taxation		8,900,261	18,018,412
Taxation	11	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net income after taxation, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year		<u>8,900,261</u>	<u>18,018,412</u>
Total comprehensive income comprises the following:			
Realised income		9,384,763	14,280,021
Unrealised (loss)/gain		<u>(484,502)</u>	<u>3,738,391</u>
		<u>8,900,261</u>	<u>18,018,412</u>
Distributions for the financial year			
Net distributions	12	<u>14,921,627</u>	<u>3,803,087</u>
Gross distributions per unit (sen)	12	<u>4.2782</u>	<u>0.7178</u>
Net distributions per unit (sen)	12	<u>4.2782</u>	<u>0.7178</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmlIncome Plus

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

	Note	Unit holders' capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total equity RM
At 1 November 2024		298,454,377	76,711,082	375,165,459
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	8,900,261	8,900,261
Creation of units	9(a)	231,628,237	-	231,628,237
Reinvestment of distributions	9(a)	14,921,627	-	14,921,627
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(340,294,001)	-	(340,294,001)
Distributions	12	-	(14,921,627)	(14,921,627)
Balance at 31 October 2025		<u>204,710,240</u>	<u>70,689,716</u>	<u>275,399,956</u>
At 1 November 2023		400,134,744	62,495,757	462,630,501
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	18,018,412	18,018,412
Creation of units	9(a)	175,630,809	-	175,630,809
Reinvestment of distribution	9(a)	3,803,087	-	3,803,087
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(281,114,263)	-	(281,114,263)
Distribution	12	-	(3,803,087)	(3,803,087)
Balance at 31 October 2024		<u>298,454,377</u>	<u>76,711,082</u>	<u>375,165,459</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmlIncome Plus**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

	Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments		254,446,450	263,754,200
Purchases of investments		(175,067,579)	(185,775,030)
Interest received		11,944,050	17,743,503
Management fee paid		(1,857,894)	(2,881,955)
Trustee's fee paid		(172,890)	(268,114)
Tax agent's fee paid		(4,100)	(4,100)
Payments for other expenses		<u>(14,966)</u>	<u>(14,529)</u>
Net cash generated from operating and investing activities		<u>89,273,071</u>	<u>92,553,975</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from creation of units		232,373,381	174,042,770
Payments for cancellation of units		<u>(340,314,779)</u>	<u>(281,579,510)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(107,941,398)</u>	<u>(107,536,740)</u>
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(18,668,327)	(14,982,765)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>41,139,801</u>	<u>56,122,566</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		<u>22,471,474</u>	<u>41,139,801</u>
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:			
Deposit with licensed financial institution	5	-	20,049,315
Cash at banks		<u>22,471,474</u>	<u>21,090,486</u>
		<u>22,471,474</u>	<u>41,139,801</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmlIncome Plus

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmlIncome Plus (the “Fund”) was established pursuant to a Deed dated 30 October 2001 as amended by Deeds supplemental thereto (the “Deeds”), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad as the Trustee and all unit holders.

The Fund which is a short to medium-term fixed income fund which aims to provide investors with enhanced returns. As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 31 October and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 26 November 2001. Subsequently, the Fund was re-launched on 17 June 2004.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 18 December 2025.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with MFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (“MASB”) and IFRS Accounting Standards.

Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following MFRS Accounting Standards and amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 16 <i>Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback*</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 101 <i>Presentation of Financial Statements: Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants</i>	1 January 2024
Amendments to MFRS 107 <i>Statement of Cash Flows</i> and MFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements</i>	1 January 2024

Standards issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund’s financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards issued but not yet effective (cont'd.)

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121 <i>The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability</i>	1 January 2025
Amendments to MFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> and MFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classifications and Measurement of Financial Instruments</i>	1 January 2026
Amendments that are part of Annual Improvements - Volume 11: Amendments to MFRS 1 <i>First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards</i>	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i>	
Amendments to MFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i>	
Amendments to MFRS 10 <i>Consolidated Financial Statements</i> *	
Amendments to MFRS 107 <i>Statement of Cash Flows</i>	
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 <i>Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity</i> *	1 January 2026
MFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i>	1 January 2027
MFRS 19 <i>Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures</i> *	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: <i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> *	Deferred

* These MFRS Accounting Standards and Amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards are not relevant to the Fund.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

(i) Interest income

For all interest-bearing financial assets, interest income is calculated using the effective interest method. Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The calculation takes into account all contractual terms of the financial instrument and includes any fees or incremental costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the effective interest rate, but not future credit losses.

Once the recorded value of a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been reduced due to an impairment loss, interest income continues to be recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

(ii) Gain or loss on disposal of investments

On disposal of investments, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income ("OCI") or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

3.4 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.5 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings and realised income. Realised income is the income earned from interest income and net gain on disposal of investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

3.6 Unit holders' capital

The unit holders' capital of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and is classified as equity instruments as it meets all criteria for such classification under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

3.7 Financial instruments – initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.8 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

Business model

The business model reflects how the Fund manages the financial assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Fund's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets, or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these is applicable (e.g. the financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of "other" business model. Factors considered by the Fund in determining the business model for a portfolio of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, and how risks are assessed and managed.

Cash flow characteristics

Where the business model is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Fund assesses whether the financial assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI"). In making this assessment, the Fund considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e. interest includes only consideration for time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are SPPI.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Manager, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.8 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Interest earned element of such instrument is recorded in "Interest income".

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

3.9 Financial liabilities – classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.10 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a “pass-through” arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.11 Financial instruments – expected credit losses (“ECL”)

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

3.12 Determination of fair value

For investments in local fixed income securities, nominal value is the face value of the securities and fair value is determined based on the indicative prices from Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. plus accrued interest, which includes the accretion of discount and amortisation of premium. Adjusted cost of investments relates to the purchased cost plus accrued interest, adjusted for amortisation of premium and accretion of discount, if any, calculated over the period from the date of acquisition to the date of maturity of the respective securities as approved by the Manager and the Trustee. The difference between adjusted cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.13 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting year.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

3.14 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its investments as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investments in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holders' cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. INVESTMENTS

	2025	2024
	RM	RM
Financial assets at FVTPL		
At nominal value:		
Commercial paper	5,000,000	-
Corporate bonds	199,550,000	312,750,000
Government Investment Issue	30,000,000	10,000,000
Malaysian Government Securities	10,000,000	-
	<u>244,550,000</u>	<u>322,750,000</u>
At fair value:		
Commercial paper	4,972,400	-
Corporate bonds	206,258,090	322,634,130
Government Investment Issue	30,626,859	9,961,081
Malaysian Government Securities	10,186,097	-
	<u>252,043,446</u>	<u>332,595,211</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Details of investments as at 31 October 2025 are as follows:

Maturity date	Issuer	Credit rating	Nominal value RM	Fair value RM	Adjusted cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
Commercial paper						
23.12.2025	Merchantrade Asia Sdn. Bhd.	MARC-1	5,000,000	4,972,400	4,967,586	1.81
Total commerical paper			5,000,000	4,972,400	4,967,586	1.81

Corporate bonds

12.11.2025	MMC Corporation Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,139,007	5,139,559	1.87
19.06.2026	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA	20,000,000	20,608,855	20,392,055	7.48
28.08.2026	MTT Shipping Sdn. Bhd.	AA	21,350,000	21,708,367	21,545,040	7.88
12.11.2026	Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad	A	5,000,000	5,120,803	5,074,397	1.86
11.12.2026	Exsim Capital Resources Berhad	AA	10,000,000	10,294,629	10,229,157	3.74
31.03.2027	GENM Capital Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,087,630	5,093,455	1.85
15.04.2027	MBSB Bank Berhad	A	5,000,000	5,058,753	5,010,153	1.84
20.07.2027	Bank Muamalat Malaysia Berhad	A	10,000,000	10,371,697	10,149,997	3.77
03.09.2027	YTL Power International Berhad	AA	4,500,000	4,651,116	4,543,453	1.69

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Details of investments as at 31 October 2025 are as follows: (cont'd.)

Maturity date	Issuer	Credit rating	Nominal value RM	Fair value RM	Adjusted cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
Corporate bonds (cont'd.)						
02.12.2027	CIMB Group Holdings Berhad	AA	7,000,000	7,327,517	7,300,743	2.66
03.05.2028	UDA Holdings Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,229,531	5,129,616	1.90
10.10.2028	Affin Islamic Bank Berhad	A	10,000,000	10,317,040	10,030,740	3.75
13.10.2028	Affin Islamic Bank Berhad	A	5,000,000	5,142,762	5,012,162	1.87
22.03.2029	MNRB Holdings Berhad	A	5,000,000	5,137,088	5,024,438	1.86
06.04.2029	MMC Port Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	AA	3,200,000	3,310,253	3,209,805	1.20
29.06.2029	PONSB Capital Berhad	AA	2,500,000	2,680,774	2,572,392	0.97
30.11.2029	MMC Corporation Berhad	AA	3,000,000	3,254,524	3,074,104	1.18
28.02.2030	Orkim Sdn. Bhd.	AA	5,000,000	5,140,216	5,062,305	1.87
29.03.2030	TNB Power Generation Sdn. Bhd.	AAA	2,500,000	2,592,694	2,509,719	0.94
26.04.2030	DRB-Hicom Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,380,615	5,015,410	1.95
03.05.2030	GENM Capital Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,359,218	5,131,918	1.95

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Details of investments as at 31 October 2025 are as follows: (cont'd.)

Maturity date	Issuer	Credit rating	Nominal value RM	Fair value RM	Adjusted cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
Corporate bonds (cont'd.)						
28.05.2030	Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad	A	5,000,000	5,158,303	5,089,253	1.87
11.06.2030	Saracap Ventures Sdn. Bhd.	AAA	5,000,000	5,079,083	5,069,933	1.84
26.08.2031	YTL Power International Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,122,708	5,137,288	1.86
09.01.2032	Projek Lebuhraya Usahasama Berhad	AAA	5,000,000	5,150,375	5,109,621	1.87
06.05.2032	UDA Holdings Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,212,016	5,141,968	1.89
30.06.2032	STM Lottery Sdn. Bhd.	AA	5,000,000	5,233,265	5,094,597	1.90
18.08.2032	AEON Co. (M) Berhad	AA	5,000,000	5,039,338	5,044,572	1.83
17.09.2032	AEON Credit Service (M) Berhad	AA	10,500,000	10,568,095	10,579,736	3.84
12.01.2033	Projek Lebuhraya Usahasama Berhad	AAA	10,000,000	10,781,818	10,691,140	3.91
Total corporate bonds			199,550,000	206,258,090	203,208,726	74.89

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Details of investments as at 31 October 2025 are as follows: (cont'd.)

Maturity date	Issuer	Credit rating	Nominal value RM	Fair value RM	Adjusted cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
Government Investment Issue						
31.07.2028	Government of Malaysia	NR*	30,000,000	30,626,859	30,650,955	11.12
Total Government Investment Issue			<u>30,000,000</u>	<u>30,626,859</u>	<u>30,650,955</u>	<u>11.12</u>
Malaysian Government Securities						
15.07.2032	Government of Malaysia	NR*	10,000,000	10,186,097	10,255,887	3.70
Total Malaysian Government Securities			<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>10,186,097</u>	<u>10,255,887</u>	<u>3.70</u>
Total financial assets at FVTPL			<u>244,550,000</u>	<u>252,043,446</u>	<u>249,083,154</u>	<u>91.52</u>
Excess of fair value over adjusted cost				<u>2,960,292</u>		

* Non-rated

The weighted average effective yield on investments are as follows:

	Effective yield	
	2025	2024
	%	%
Commercial paper	3.82	-
Corporate bonds	3.88	4.18
Government Investment Issue	3.15	3.91
Malaysian Government Securities	<u>3.45</u>	<u>-</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

4. INVESTMENTS (CONT'D.)

Analysis of the remaining maturities of investments as at 31 October 2025 and 31 October 2024 are as follows:

	Less than 1 year RM	1 year to 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM
2025			
At nominal value:			
Commercial paper	5,000,000	-	-
Corporate bonds	46,350,000	107,700,000	45,500,000
Government Investment Issue	-	30,000,000	-
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	10,000,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
2024			
At nominal value:			
Corporate bonds	38,700,000	238,550,000	35,500,000
Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	10,000,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

5. DEPOSIT WITH LICENSED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

	2024 RM
At nominal value:	
Short-term deposits	<hr/> 20,000,000
At carrying value:	
Short-term deposits	<hr/> 20,049,315

The weighted average effective interest rate and weighted average remaining maturities of short-term deposits are as follows:

	Weighted average effective interest rate 2024 %	Weighted average remaining maturities 2024 Days
Short-term deposit	<hr/> 3.75	<hr/> 8

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

6. AMOUNT DUE FROM/TO MANAGER

	Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
(a) Due from Manager			
Creation of units	(i)	<u>1,008,848</u>	<u>1,753,992</u>
(b) Due to Manager			
Cancellation of units	(ii)	-	20,778
Management fee payable	(iii)	<u>201,348</u>	<u>265,515</u>
		<u>201,348</u>	<u>286,293</u>

(i) This represents amount receivable from the Manager for units created.

(ii) This represents amount payable to the Manager for units cancelled.

The normal credit period in the current and previous financial years for creation and cancellation of units is three business days.

(iii) Management fee is at a rate of 0.75% (2024: 0.75%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the current and previous financial years for management fee payable is one month.

7. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.07% (2024: 0.07%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the current and previous financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

8. NET GAINS FROM INVESTMENTS

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Net gains on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:		
– Net realised gains on sale of investments	904,502	1,223,482
– Net unrealised (loss)/gain on changes in fair value of investments	<u>(484,502)</u>	<u>3,738,391</u>
	<u>420,000</u>	<u>4,961,873</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

9. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity is represented by:

	Note	2025 RM	2024 RM
Unit holders' capital	(a)	204,710,240	298,454,377
Retained earnings			
– Realised income	(b)	67,729,424	73,266,288
– Unrealised gains	(c)	2,960,292	3,444,794
		<u>275,399,956</u>	<u>375,165,459</u>

(a) Unit holders' capital/Units in circulation

	2025		2024	
	Number of units	RM	Number of units	RM
At beginning of the financial year	557,738,095	298,454,377	713,088,343	400,134,744
Creation during the financial year	352,836,451	231,628,237	264,331,488	175,630,809
Reinvestment of distributions	23,100,771	14,921,627	5,730,129	3,803,087
Cancellation during the financial year	<u>(513,301,012)</u>	<u>(340,294,001)</u>	<u>(425,411,865)</u>	<u>(281,114,263)</u>
At end of the financial year	<u>420,374,305</u>	<u>204,710,240</u>	<u>557,738,095</u>	<u>298,454,377</u>

(b) Realised

	2025 RM	2024 RM
At beginning of the financial year	73,266,288	62,789,354
Net realised income for the financial year	9,384,763	14,280,021
Distributions out of realised income (Note 12)	<u>(14,921,627)</u>	<u>(3,803,087)</u>
At end of the financial year	<u>67,729,424</u>	<u>73,266,288</u>

(c) Unrealised

	2025 RM	2024 RM
At beginning of the financial year	3,444,794	(293,597)
Net unrealised (loss)/gain for the financial year	<u>(484,502)</u>	<u>3,738,391</u>
At end of the financial year	<u>2,960,292</u>	<u>3,444,794</u>

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

<u>Related parties</u>	<u>Relationships</u>
AmFunds Management Berhad	The Manager
AmInvestment Bank Berhad	Holding company of the Manager
AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB")	Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB as disclosed in its financial statements	Subsidiaries and associate companies of the ultimate holding company of the Manager

There are no units held by the Manager or any other related party as at 31 October 2025 and 31 October 2024.

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the significant related party transactions and balances as at reporting date are as follows:

	2025 RM	2024 RM
(i) Significant related party transactions		
<u>AmBank (M) Berhad</u>		
Interest income	<u>985,626</u>	<u>827,440</u>
(ii) Significant related party balances		
<u>AmBank (M) Berhad</u>		
Cash at banks	<u>22,471,474</u>	<u>21,090,486</u>

11. TAXATION

Income tax payable is calculated on investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

11. TAXATION (CONT'D.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2025 RM	2024 RM
Net income before taxation	8,900,261	18,018,412
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2024: 24%)	2,136,063	4,324,419
Tax effects of:		
Income not subject to taxation	(2,732,357)	(5,066,013)
Loss not allowed for tax deduction	117,436	-
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	389,281	608,614
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	46,324	65,356
Permitted expenses not used and not available for future financial years	43,253	67,624
Tax expense for the financial year	-	-

12. DISTRIBUTIONS

Detail distributions to unit holders for the current and previous financial years are as follows:

Financial year ended 31 October 2025

Distributions Ex-date	Gross distributions per unit RM (sen)	Net distributions per unit RM (sen)	Total distributions RM
20 December 2024	2.9558	2.9558	10,205,501
25 June 2025	1.3224	1.3224	4,716,126
	4.2782	4.2782	14,921,627

Financial year ended 31 October 2024

Distribution Ex-date	Gross distribution per unit RM (sen)	Net distribution per unit RM (sen)	Total distribution RM
18 June 2024	0.7178	0.7178	3,803,087

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

12. DISTRIBUTIONS (CONT'D.)

The distribution declared for the financial year ended 31 October 2025 has been proposed before taking into account the net unrealised loss of RM484,502 arising during the financial year which is carried forward to the next financial year.

All distributions during the current financial year were sourced from realised income. There were no distributions out of capital.

13. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2025 % p.a.	2024 % p.a.
Management fee	0.75	0.75
Trustee's fee	0.07	0.07
Fund's other expenses	0.01	-*
Total TER	<u>0.83</u>	<u>0.82</u>

* represents less than 0.01%.

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

14. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investments to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 0.90 times (2024: 0.60 times).

15. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

In accordance with the objective of the Fund, substantially all of the Fund's investments are made in the form of fixed income securities in Malaysia. The Manager is of the opinion that the risk and rewards from these investments are not individually or segmentally distinct and hence the Fund does not have a separately identifiable business or geographical segments.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

Details of transactions with brokers for the financial year ended 31 October 2025 are as follows:

	Transactions value	
	RM	%
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	108,864,843	27.65
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	86,215,003	21.90
AmBank (M) Berhad*	77,667,270	19.73
CIMB Bank Berhad	33,602,623	8.54
Bank of America Malaysia Berhad	20,507,067	5.21
AmBank Islamic Berhad*	20,397,035	5.18
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	15,599,818	3.96
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	10,679,693	2.71
Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad	10,095,582	2.56
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	10,091,670	2.56
Total	<u>393,720,604</u>	<u>100.00</u>

* Financial institutions related to the Manager.

The Manager is of the opinion that the above transactions have been entered in the normal course of business and have been established under terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with independent third parties.

The above transactions are in respect of fixed income instruments. Transactions in these investments do not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Financial assets at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2025				
Financial assets				
Investments	252,043,446	-	-	252,043,446
Amount due from Manager	-	1,008,848	-	1,008,848
Interest receivables	-	124,350	-	124,350
Cash at banks	-	22,471,474	-	22,471,474
Total financial assets	252,043,446	23,604,672	-	275,648,118
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	201,348	201,348
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	16,475	16,475
Total financial liabilities	-	-	217,823	217,823
2024				
Financial assets				
Investments	332,595,211	-	-	332,595,211
Deposit with licensed financial institution	-	20,049,315	-	20,049,315
Amount due from Manager	-	1,753,992	-	1,753,992
Cash at banks	-	21,090,486	-	21,090,486
Total financial assets	332,595,211	42,893,793	-	375,489,004
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	286,293	286,293
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	21,950	21,950
Total financial liabilities	-	-	308,243	308,243
				Income, expenses, gains and losses
				2025 RM
				2024 RM
Income, of which derived from:				
- Interest income from financial assets at FVTPL			9,467,146	15,074,452
- Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost			1,008,360	1,072,061
Net gains from financial assets at FVTPL			420,000	4,961,873

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2025				
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	252,043,446	-	252,043,446
2024				
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	332,595,211	-	332,595,211

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

- Deposit with licensed financial institution
- Amount due from/to Manager
- Interest receivables
- Cash at banks
- Amount due to Trustee

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of investments coupled with stringent compliance to investments restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk will affect the value of the Fund's investments, given the interest rate movements, which are influenced by regional and local economic developments as well as political developments.

Domestic interest rates on deposits and placements with licensed financial institutions are determined based on prevailing market rates.

The result below summarised the interest rate sensitivity of the Fund's NAV, or theoretical value due to the parallel movement assumption of the yield curve by +100bps and -100bps respectively:

Parallel shift in yield curve by:	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV, or theoretical value	
	2025 RM	2024 RM
+100 bps	(7,778,685)	(9,277,634)
-100 bps	6,649,931	8,548,591

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. The Fund can invest up to 100% of the NAV in fixed income and money market instruments. As such the Fund would be exposed to the risk of bond issuers and licensed financial institutions defaulting on its repayment obligations which in turn would affect the NAV of the Fund.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(b) Credit risk (cont'd.)

(i) Credit quality of financial assets

The following table analyses the Fund's portfolio of debt securities by rating category as at 31 October 2025 and 31 October 2024:

Credit rating	RM	As a % of debt securities	As a % of NAV
2025			
AAA	23,603,970	9.37	8.56
AA	136,347,674	54.10	49.51
A	46,306,446	18.37	16.82
MARC-1	4,972,400	1.97	1.81
NR	40,812,956	16.19	14.82
	<u>252,043,446</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>91.52</u>
2024			
AAA	28,151,876	8.47	7.49
AA	243,281,389	73.15	64.85
A	51,200,865	15.39	13.66
NR	9,961,081	2.99	2.66
	<u>332,595,211</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>88.66</u>

For deposits with licensed financial institutions, the Fund makes placements with licensed financial institutions with sound rating of P1/MARC-1 and above. The following table presents the Fund's portfolio of deposits by rating category as at 31 October 2024.

Credit rating	RM	As a % of deposits	As a % of NAV
2024			
P1/MARC-1	<u>20,049,315</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>5.34</u>

Cash at banks are held for liquidity purposes and are not exposed to significant credit risk.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(b) Credit risk (cont'd.)

(ii) Credit risk concentration

Concentration of risk is monitored and managed based on sectorial distribution. The table below analyses the Fund's portfolio of debt securities by sectorial distribution as at 31 October 2025 and 31 October 2024:

Sector	RM	As a % of debt securities	As a % of NAV
2025			
Consumer discretionary	28,780,840	11.42	10.45
Energy and utilities	17,506,734	6.94	6.36
Financial services	79,469,087	31.53	28.87
Public administration	45,892,039	18.21	16.66
Real estate	31,050,402	12.32	11.27
Transportation and storage	49,344,344	19.58	17.91
	<u>252,043,446</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>91.52</u>
2024			
Communications services	10,298,271	3.10	2.74
Consumer discretionary	56,029,092	16.85	14.93
Consumer staples	10,299,422	3.10	2.75
Energy and utilities	31,388,696	9.44	8.36
Financial services	78,912,891	23.73	21.04
Industrials	10,259,415	3.08	2.74
Public administration	9,961,081	2.99	2.66
Real estate	60,713,438	18.25	16.19
Transportation and storage	64,732,905	19.46	17.25
	<u>332,595,211</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>88.66</u>

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. This is also the risk of the Fund experiencing large redemptions, when the Investment Manager could be forced to sell large volumes of its holdings at unfavorable prices to meet redemption requirements.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The Fund's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of not more than six months.

The following table presents the undiscounted contractual cash flows from different financial assets and financial liabilities classes in the Fund:

	Contractual cash flows (undiscounted)					
	0 – 1 year RM	1 – 2 years RM	2 – 3 years RM	3 – 4 years RM	4 – 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM
2025						
Financial assets						
Investments	62,295,163	47,789,861	63,475,317	14,734,386	33,827,836	60,036,351
Amount due from Manager	1,008,848	-	-	-	-	-
Interest receivables	124,350	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at banks	22,471,474	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	85,899,835	47,789,861	63,475,317	14,734,386	33,827,836	60,036,351
Financial liabilities						
Amount due to Manager	201,348	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due to Trustee	16,475	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	217,823	-	-	-	-	-

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The following table presents the undiscounted contractual cash flows from different financial assets and financial liabilities classes in the Fund: (cont'd.)

	Contractual cash flows (undiscounted)					
	0 – 1 year RM	1 – 2 years RM	2 – 3 years RM	3 – 4 years RM	4 – 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM
2024						
Financial assets						
Investments	54,046,463	99,637,808	63,485,935	56,233,489	51,710,362	48,041,025
Deposit with licensed financial institution	20,063,699	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due from Manager	1,753,992	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at banks	21,090,486	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	96,954,640	99,637,808	63,485,935	56,233,489	51,710,362	48,041,025
Financial liabilities						
Amount due to Manager	286,293	-	-	-	-	-
Amount due to Trustee	21,950	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	308,243	-	-	-	-	-

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2025**

18. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(d) Single issuer risk

Internal policy restricts the Fund from investing in securities issued by any issuer of not more than a certain percentage of its NAV. Under such restriction, the risk exposure to the securities of any single issuer is diversified and managed based on internal/external ratings.

(e) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

(f) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

(g) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with the respective internal policies, the Deeds, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in investments meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its Prospectus;
- (b) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- (c) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial years.

AmIncome Plus

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Wong Weng Tuck, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the “Manager”), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmIncome Plus (the “Fund”) as at 31 October 2025 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

WONG WENG TUCK

Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

18 December 2025

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

To the unit holders of **AMINCOME PLUS** ("Fund"),

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 October 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AMFUNDS MANAGEMENT BERHAD has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distributions of income by the Fund are appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For **AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD**

ZAINUDIN BIN SUHAIMI

Chief Executive Officer

Date: 11 December 2025

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*For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad
Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),
Friday (8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.)*

