## Semi-Annual Report for

# **Amprs - Dynamic Sukuk**

28 February 2025





#### TRUST DIRECTORY

#### **PRS Provider**

AmFunds Management Berhad 9<sup>th</sup> & 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group 55 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

#### **Trustee**

Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

#### **Shariah Adviser**

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

### Auditors and Reporting Accountants

**Ernst & Young PLT** 

#### **Taxation Adviser**

Deloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

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#### PRS PROVIDER'S REPORT

Dear Members,

We are pleased to present you the PRS Provider's report and the unaudited accounts of AmPRS – Dynamic Sukuk ("Fund") for the financial period from 1 September 2024 to 28 February 2025.

#### Salient Information of the Fund

Name	AmPRS – Dynamic* Sukuk ("Fund")
	*The word "Dynamic" in this context refers to the Target Fund's investment strategy which is active management, not buy-and-hold strategy.
Category/ Type	Feeder Fund (Sukuk) / Growth
Objective	The Fund aims to provide capital appreciation by investing in the AmDynamic Sukuk.
	Note: Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Members' approval.
Performance Benchmark	BPAM Corporates Sukuk Index ("BPAMCSI"), which is also the performance benchmark of the Target Fund. (Available at www.aminvest.com)
	Note: Effective 25 July 2015, the performance benchmark has been changed from Bloomberg AIBIM Bursa Malaysia Sovereign Shariah Index (BMSSI) to BPAM Corporates Sukuk Index.
Income Distribution	Subject to availability of income, distribution (if any) is incidental.
Policy	At the Investment Manager's discretion, the Fund may distribute from its gain, income and capital. The rationale for distribution out of capital is to allow the Fund the ability to (i) declare distribution when the Fund has insufficient realised gains or realised income to do so or (ii) increase the amount of distributable income to the Members, after taking into consideration the risk of distributing out of capital. The Fund aims to provide capital appreciation. While this may generally mean that the Fund seeks to increase its NAV per unit, distributing out of capital may not necessarily erode the value of the investment of the Members as the distributions declared are reinvested back into the Fund. Hence, the Fund's capital distribution, if any, would still be consistent with the investment objective of the Fund.
	Distribution out of the Fund's capital has the effect of lowering the NAV of the Fund, may reduce part of the Members' original investment and may also result in reduced future returns to Members. When a substantial amount of the original investment is being returned to the Members, it has a risk of eroding the capital of the Fund and may, over time, cause the NAV of the Fund to fall. The greater the risk of capital erosion that exists, the greater the likelihood that, due to capital erosion, the value of future returns would also be diminished.
	Income distribution (if any) will be in the form of units.

#### **Fund Performance Data**

#### Portfolio Composition

Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 28 February 2025 and for the past three financial years are as follows:

	As at	As at 31 August		
	28.02.2025 %	2024 %	2023 %	2022 %
Collective Investment				
Scheme	98.12	97.95	98.07	97.35
Money market deposits and				
cash equivalents	1.88	2.05	1.93	2.65
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.

## Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial period ended 28 February 2025 and three financial years ended 31 August are as follows:

	FPE 28.02.2025	FYE 2024	FYE 2023	FYE 2022
Net asset value (RM)				
- Class D	1,077,633	976,845	843,582	732,327
- Class I	754,529	676,582	646,386	549,160
Units in circulation				
- Class D	1,460,422	1,340,796	1,206,280	1,092,902
- Class I	1,109,719	1,007,832	1,003,103	889,425
Net asset value per unit (R	M)			
- Class D	0.7379	0.7286	0.6993	0.6701
- Class I	0.6799	0.6713	0.6444	0.6174
Highest net asset value pe	r unit (RM)			
- Class D	0.7379	0.7287	0.6994	0.6841
- Class I	0.6799	0.6715	0.6444	0.6304
Lowest net asset value per	unit (RM)			
- Class D	0.7283	0.6953	0.6575	0.6531
- Class I	0.6711	0.6407	0.6059	0.6018
Benchmark performance (9	%)			
- Class D	2.00	5.87	6.61	0.36
- Class I	2.00	5.87	6.61	0.36
Total return (%) <sup>(1)</sup>				
- Class D	1.28	4.18	4.37	-1.96
- Class I	1.28	4.17	4.37	-1.97
Capital growth (%)				
- Class D	1.28	4.18	4.37	-1.96
- Class I	1.28	4.17	4.37	-1.97
Total expense ratio (%) <sup>(2)</sup>	0.71	1.48	1.85	2.00
Portfolio turnover ratio				
(times) <sup>(3)</sup>	0.05	0.13	0.06	0.05

#### Note:

<sup>(1)</sup> Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial period/years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees. Fund return is calculated based on the published price (last business day).

- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis.

#### Average Total Return (as at 28 February 2025)

	AmPRS – Dynamic Sukuk <sup>(a)</sup> %	Benchmark <sup>(b)</sup>
One year		
- Class D	2.86	4.66
- Class I	2.86	4.66
Three years		
- Class D	3.00	4.89
- Class I	3.00	4.89
Five years		
- Class D	0.92	3.68
- Class I	0.91	3.68
Ten years		
- Class D	3.32	4.86
- Class I	3.32	4.86

#### **Annual Total Return**

Financial Years Ended (31 August)	AmPRS – Dynamic Sukuk <sup>(a)</sup> %	Benchmark <sup>(b)</sup>
2024	-	
- Class D	4.18	5.87
- Class I	4.17	5.87
2023		
- Class D	4.37	6.61
- Class I	4.37	6.61
2022		
- Class D	-1.96	0.36
- Class I	-1.97	0.36
2021		
- Class D	-3.61	0.61
- Class I	-3.62	0.61
2020		
- Class D	3.52	7.06
- Class I	3.53	7.06

- (a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.
- (b) BPAM Corporates Sukuk Index ("BPAMCSI") (Available at www.aminvest.com)
- \*\* Benchmark from 25 November 2013 until 25 July 2015 Bloomberg AIBIM Bursa Malaysia Sovereign Shariah Index ("BMSSI")
  - from 27 July 2015 onwards BPAM Corporates Sukuk Index ("BPAMCSI")

The Fund performance is calculated based on the net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necess	arily indicative of future performance
and that unit prices and investment re	turns may go down, as well as up.

## Fund Performance

#### Class D

For the financial period under review, the Fund registered a return of 1.28% which is entirely capital growth in nature.

Thus, the Fund's return of 1.28% has underperformed the benchmark's return of 2.00% by 0.72%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 August 2024, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund increased by 1.28% from RM0.7286 to RM0.7379, while units in circulation increased by 8.92% from 1,340,796 units to 1,460,422 units.

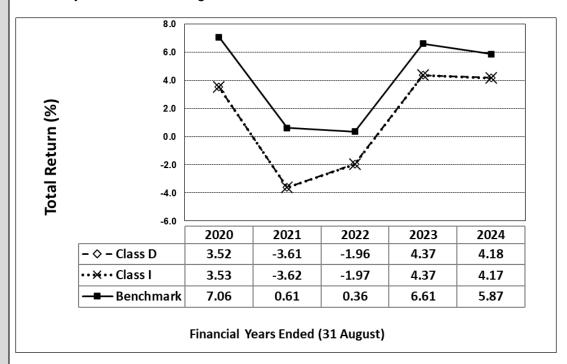
#### Class I

For the financial period under review, the Fund registered a return of 1.28% which is entirely capital growth in nature.

Thus, the Fund's return of 1.28% has underperformed the benchmark's return of 2.00% by 0.72%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 August 2024, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund increased by 1.28% from RM0.6713 to RM0.6799, while units in circulation increased by 10.11% from 1,007,832 units to 1,109,719 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of AmPRS – Dynamic Sukuk for Class D and Class I and its benchmark for the financial years ended 31 August.



Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Strategies and Policies Employed	For the financial period under review, Fund will invest a minimum of 85% of ("Target Fund") at all times. This implies	the Fund's NA	V in the AmDy	/namic Sukuk	
Portfolio Structure	The table below is the asset allocation of the Fund as at 28 February 2025 and 31 August 2024.				
		As at 28.02.2025 %	As at 31.08.2024 %	Changes %	
	Collective Investment Scheme	98.12	97.95	0.17	
	Money market deposits and cash equivalents	1.88	2.05	-0.17	
	Total	100.00	100.00		
	For the financial period under review, the Collective Investment Scheme and the market deposits and cash equivalents.				
Securities Lending / Repurchase Transactions	The Fund has not undertaken any sec (collectively referred to as "securities fin			e transactions	
Cross Trade	There were no cross trades undertaken	during the fina	ancial period u	nder review.	
Distribution/ Unit splits	There is no income distribution and unit split declared for the financial period under review.				
State of Affairs	There has been neither significant charany circumstances that materially affectinancial period under review.				
Rebates and Soft Commission	During the period, the private retireme commissions by virtue of transactions of			t receive soft	
Market Review	In September, Malaysian Government curve, in line with falling United States than-expected United States (US) Fe Negara Malaysia (BNM) held the Over as expected. Investor turned bearish be amid uncertainties surrounding the US slower rate cut by the US Federal Rese 2025 which projected a narrower fiscal (GDP), sentiment remained weak.	Treasuries (US deral Fund Rinight Policy Rias in October Presidential serve (Fed). Dedicate of 3.8%	ST) yields follogate (FFR) cut ate (OPR) ste , driven by a ste election and particular espite the tables of Gross Dom	wing a larger- t, while Bank ady at 3.00% sell-off in UST prospect of a ing of Budget nestic Product	
	dominated by the impact from the heightened inflation fears and reduced sent bond yields soaring as the UST election results day at 4.43%. The loinfluenced by similar bullish sentiment of the cancellation of the 3-year Gove government bond supply in the market yields fell between 5 and 15bps on mon	2024 US P expectations of the expectations of the expectations of the expectation of the	residential Elector the US Fed closed 15bps ket rallied as led with BNM ament Issue (Gouoyant sentim	ection, which rate cut. This higher on the investor were nnouncement II). The lower	

Meanwhile, December saw softer trading amidst profit taking activities in Malaysia bond market on the back of bearish global bond backdrop, driven by the United States (US) Federal Reserve's (Fed) more hawkish policy guidance and higher-than-expected inflation expectations and partly contributed by lack of liquidity in second half of December. This despite positive news from on the announcement of a much smaller than expected final government bond auction for the year.

In January, Ringgit government bonds started the year slightly stronger with decent bids as market participants began to build up inventories as one auction was cancelled in December while another at smaller size. Meanwhile, in the US, the lower-than-expected inflation prints fueled a relief rally in United States Treasury (UST) but local bond market remained largely stable. During the first Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) meeting of the year, Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) maintained the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) at 3.00% as expected, premised on outlook of sustained domestic economic growth and manageable inflation. Despite volatility in the UST market, the local bond market remained calm and supportive in February, buoyed by less hawkish pricing of UST and better regional sentiment from the continued pause in Trump tariffs during the month.

#### Market Outlook

Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) is expected to maintain its current policy rates throughout 2025. This stability in interest rates is anticipated to support the bond market, as it reduces uncertainty and volatility.

We will configure the portfolios at a slight overweight in duration against the benchmark while identifying bonds along the yield curve that are undervalued compared to their peers. We will focus on corporate bonds to balance credit quality and sector exposure, ensuring diversification to mitigate risks associated with any single sector.

## Additional Information

The Fourth Supplementary Disclosure Document dated 24 March 2025 has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia. Notice of the issuance for the Fourth Supplementary Disclosure Document dated 24 March 2025 has been published on our website at www.aminvest.com and sent to the Members on 28 March 2025.

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AmFunds Management Berhad

21 April 2025

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2025

	Note	28.02.2025 (unaudited) RM	31.08.2024 (audited) RM
ASSETS			
Shariah-compliant investment Amount due from Provider Cash at bank TOTAL ASSETS	4 5(a)	1,797,654 1,518 40,661 1,839,833	1,619,522 3,479 37,847 1,660,848
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Provider Amount due to Trustee Amount due to Private Pension Administrator ("PPA") Sundry payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASSETS	5(b) 6 7	30 56 56 7,529	15 57 57 7,292
ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS)	-	7,671	7,421
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS		1,832,162	1,653,427
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS OF THE FUND COMPRISE:			
Members' contribution Retained earnings	9(a)(b) 9(c)(d) 9	1,621,671 210,491 1,832,162	1,465,267 188,160 1,653,427
NET ASSET VALUE - Class D - Class I	-	1,077,633 754,529 1,832,162	976,845 676,582 1,653,427
UNITS IN CIRCULATION - Class D - Class I	9(a) 9(b)	1,460,422 1,109,719	1,340,796 1,007,832
NAV PER UNIT (RM) - Class D - Class I		0.7379 0.6799	0.7286 0.6713

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the unaudited financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

	Note	01.09.2024 to 28.02.2025 RM	01.09.2023 to 29.02.2024 RM
SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT INCOME			
Distribution income Profit income Other income Net (loss)/gain from Shariah-compliant investment:	9	36,350 404 106	407 846
<ul> <li>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")</li> </ul>	8	(2,218) 34,642	52,239 53,492
EXPENDITURE			
Management fee Trustee's fee PPA administrative fee Audit fee Tax agent's fee Other expenses	5 6 7	(184) (344) (344) (2,220) (1,240) (7,979) (12,311)	(130) (319) (319) (2,230) (1,243) (7,827) (12,068)
Net income before taxation Taxation Net income after taxation, representing total comprehensive income for the financial period	11	22,331	41,424
Total comprehensive income comprises the following: Realised income/(loss) Unrealised (loss)/gain		24,549 (2,218) 22,331	(8,935) 50,359 41,424

**AmPRS – Dynamic Sukuk** 

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS (Unaudited) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

	Note	Members' contribution - Class D RM	Members' contribution - Class I RM	Retained earnings RM	Total RM
At 1 September 2024 Total comprehensive income for the financial		864,258	601,009	188,160	1,653,427
period		-	-	22,331	22,331
Creation of units	9(a)(b)	91,473	68,693	-	160,166
Cancellation of units	9(a)(b)	(3,762)			(3,762)
Balance at 28 February 2025		951,969	669,702	210,491	1,832,162
At 1 September 2023 Total comprehensive		768,742	601,546	119,680	1,489,968
income for the financial period		-	-	41,424	41,424
Creation of units		104,569	125,516	-	230,085
Cancellation of units		(29,183)	(38,419)		(67,602)
Balance at 29 February 2024		844,128	688,643	161,104	1,693,875

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

	01.09.2024 to 28.02.2025 RM	01.09.2023 to 29.02.2024 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of Shariah-compliant investment	-	26,764
Purchases of Shariah-compliant investment	(144,000)	(184,000)
Profit received	404	407
Other income received	106	846
Management fee paid	(169)	(142)
Trustee's fee paid	(345)	(315)
PPA administrative fee paid	(345)	(315)
Payments for other expenses	(11,202)	(11,026)
Net cash used in operating and investing		
activities	(155,551)	(167,781)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units	162,127	236,510
Payments for cancellation of units	(3,762)	(67,602)
Net cash generated from financing activities	158,365	168,908
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS	2,814	1,127
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE	_,	.,
BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	37,847	29,450
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE		
END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	40,661	30,577
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash at bank	40,661	30,577
	.5,551	55,511

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmPRS – Dynamic Sukuk (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 4 December 2012 as amended by Deeds supplemental thereto (the "Deeds"), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the PRS Provider (the "Provider"), Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad as the Trustee and all members.

The Fund aims to provide capital appreciation by investing in AmDynamic Sukuk ("Target Fund"), a fund managed by the Provider. Being a feeder fund, a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Target Fund. As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 31 August and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 25 November 2013.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Provider on 21 April 2025.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards 134: *Interim Financial Reporting* ("MFRS 134") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB").

#### Standards effective during the financial period

Description

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial period did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after

Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback\* 1 January 2024

Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:

Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants 1 January 2024

Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows and MFRS 7

Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements 1 January 2024

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

#### Standards issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

Description

financial periods
beginning on or after

Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange
Rates: Lack of Exchangeability

1 January 2025

Effective for

1 January 2026

Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments and MFRS 7 Financial

Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classifications

and Measurement of Financial Instruments 1 January 2026

Amendments that are part of Annual Improvements - Volume 11:

Amendments to MFRS 1 *First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial* 

Reporting Standards

Amendments to MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments

Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements\*

Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows

MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements 1 January 2027 MFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures\* 1 January 2027

Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution

of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture\* Deferred

#### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

#### (i) Distribution income

Distribution income is recognised when the Fund's right to receive the payment is established.

#### (ii) Profit income

Profit income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective profit method.

<sup>\*</sup> These MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

#### (iii) Gain or loss on disposal of Shariah-compliant investment

On disposal of Shariah-compliant investment, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the Shariah-compliant investment. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### 3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

#### 3.4 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid Shariah-compliant investment that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 3.5 Members' contribution

The members' contribution of the Fund is classified as liabilities under the requirements of MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

Under MFRS 132, a unit trust fund with one common class of members is classified as equity as it meets the requirement of having identical features. In a multi-unit class fund, if any one class (or a group of classes) can be differentiated in terms of their features, then all the classes will be classified as liabilities.

The Fund issues cancellable units in two classes. Details are disclosed in Note 9.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.6 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Provider. A distribution to the Fund's members is accounted for as a deduction from realised income and recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, as the members' contribution is classified as financial liabilities as per Note 3.5. Realised income is the income earned from profit income, other income and net gain on disposal of Shariah-compliant investment after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the members on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

#### 3.7 Financial instruments – initial recognition and measurement

#### (i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

#### (ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### (iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.8 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPP test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPP test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and profit and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Provider, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

#### Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the outstanding principal.

These Shariah-compliant investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these Shariah-compliant investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.8 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Profit earned element of such instrument is recorded in "Profit income".

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

The Fund subsequently measures its Shariah-compliant investment at FVTPL. Distributions earned whilst holding the Shariah-compliant investment is recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established. Gains and losses on the Shariah-compliant investment, realised and unrealised, are included in profit or loss.

#### 3.9 Financial liabilities – classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the members. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective profit method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective profit rate.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.10 Derecognition of financial instruments

#### (i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either:
  - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For Shariah-compliant investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

#### (ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

#### 3.11 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

#### 3.12 Determination of fair value

For Shariah-compliant investment in Collective Investment Scheme ("CIS"), fair value is determined based on the closing NAV per unit of the CIS. Purchased cost is the quoted price that the Fund paid when buying its investment. The difference between purchased cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss. Unrealised gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are not distributable in nature.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### 3.13 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

#### 3.14 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Provider to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its Shariah-compliant investment as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its Shariah-compliant investment in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet members' cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Provider in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

#### 4. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT

Financial asset at FVTPL	28.02.2025 RM	31.08.2024 RM
At cost: CIS	1,620,168	1,439,818
At fair value: CIS	1,797,654	1,619,522

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 4. SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT (CONT'D.)

Details of Shariah-compliant investment are as follows:

CIS	Number of units	Fair value RM	Purchased cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
28.02.2025				
AmDynamic Sukuk* ("Target Fund")	1,166,777	1,797,654	1,620,168	98.12
Excess of fair value over purchased cost	-	177,486		

<sup>\*</sup> This CIS is managed by the Provider.

#### 5. AMOUNT DUE FROM/TO PROVIDER

		Note	28.02.2025 RM	31.08.2024 RM
(a)	Due from Provider Creation of units	(i)	1,518	3,479
(b)	<b>Due to Provider</b> Management fee payable	(ii)	30	15

(i) This represents amount receivable from the Provider for units created.

The normal credit period in the current financial period and previous financial year for creation of units is three business days.

(ii) As the Fund is investing in the Target Fund, management fee is charged as follows:

	01.09.2024 to 28.02.2025 % p.a.	01.09.2023 to 29.02.2024 % p.a.
Management fee charged by the Provider, on the NAV of the Target Fund Management fee chargeable by the Provider, on the	1.00	1.00
remaining NAV of the Fund for both Class D and Class I (Note a)	1.00	1.00

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 5. AMOUNT DUE FROM/TO PROVIDER (CONT'D.)

- (ii) As the Fund is investing in the Target Fund, management fee is charged as follows: (cont'd.)
  - Note a) The management fee is charged on 1.00% of the remaining NAV of the Fund.

The normal credit period in the current financial period and previous financial year for management fee payable is one month.

#### 6. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.04% (31.08.2024: 0.04%) per annum for both Class D and Class I on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the current financial period and previous financial year for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

#### 7. AMOUNT DUE TO PPA

PPA administrative fee is at a rate of 0.04% (31.08.2024: 0.04%) per annum for both Class D and Class I on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the current financial period and previous financial year for PPA's administrative fee payable is one month.

#### 8. NET (LOSS)/GAIN FROM SHARIAH-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT

	01.09.2024 to 28.02.2025 RM	01.09.2023 to 29.02.2024 RM
Net (loss)/gain on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:  - Net realised gain on sale of Shariah-compliant investment  - Net unrealised (loss)/gain on changes in fair value of	-	1,880
Shariah-compliant investment	(2,218)	50,359
	(2,218)	52,239

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 9. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS

Total NAV attributable to members is represented by:

	Note	28.02.2025 RM	31.08.2024 RM
Members' contribution			
- Class D	(a)	951,969	864,258
- Class I	(b)	669,702	601,009
Retained earnings			
<ul> <li>Realised income</li> </ul>	(c)	33,005	8,456
<ul> <li>Unrealised gains</li> </ul>	(d)	177,486	179,704
		1,832,162	1,653,427

The Fund issues cancellable units in two classes as detailed below:

Classes	Currency	Categories of investors	Distribution
of units	denomination		policy
Class D	RM	Distributor appointed by the PRS Provider	Incidental
Class I	RM	Employer-Sponsored Retirement Scheme	Incidental
		and also employees of any employer with	
		prior arrangement with the PRS Provider	

The different charges and features for each class are as follows:

(i) Sales charge

#### (a) Members' contribution/Units in circulation - Class D

	28.02.2025		31.08.2024	
	Number of units	RM	Number of units	RM
At beginning of the				
financial period/year	1,340,796	864,258	1,206,280	768,742
Creation during the				
financial period/year	124,754	91,473	195,177	138,623
Cancellation during the				
financial period/year	(5,128)	(3,762)	(60,661)	(43,107)
At end of the financial				
period/year	1,460,422	951,969	1,340,796	864,258

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 9. NAV ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS (CONT'D.)

#### (b) Members' contribution/Units in circulation - Class I

	28.02.2025		31.08.2024	
	Number of units	RM	Number of units	RM
At beginning of the				
financial period/year	1,007,832	601,009	1,003,103	601,546
Creation during the				
financial period/year	101,887	68,693	295,786	193,469
Cancellation during the				
financial period/year			(291,057)	(194,006)
At end of the financial				
period/year	1,109,719	669,702	1,007,832	601,009

The Provider charges an exit penalty fee of 1.00% (31.08.2024: 1.00%) for both Class D and Class I on the NAV per unit of the Fund during the financial period. The exit penalty will be recognised as income to the Fund.

#### (c) Realised – distributable

	28.02.2025 RM	31.08.2024 RM
At beginning of the financial period/year  Net realised income/(loss) for the financial	8,456	12,263
period/year	24,549	(3,807)
At end of the financial period/year	33,005	8,456
(d) Unrealised – non-distributable		
	28.02.2025 RM	31.08.2024 RM
At beginning of the financial period/year Net unrealised (loss)/gain for the financial	179,704	107,417
period/year	(2,218)	72,287
At end of the financial period/year	177,486	179,704

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

# Related parties AmFunds Management Berhad AmInvestment Bank Berhad AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB") Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB as disclosed in its financial statements Relationships The Provider Holding company of the Provider Ultimate holding company of the Provider Subsidiaries and associate companies of the ultimate holding company of the Provider

There are no units held by the Provider or any other related party as at 28 February 2025 and 31 August 2024.

#### 11. TAXATION

Pursuant to Paragraph 20 of Schedule 6 of the Income Tax Act ("ITA"), any income received by an approved scheme as defined under Section 2 of the ITA is exempted from income tax.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	01.09.2024 to 28.02.2025 RM	01.09.2023 to 29.02.2024 RM
Net income before taxation	22,331	41,424
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2024: 24%) Tax effects of:	5,359	9,942
Income not subject to tax	(8,846)	(12,838)
Loss not allowed for tax deduction	532	-
Restriction on tax deductible expenses	519	510
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	2,378	2,330
Permitted expenses not used and not available for future		
financial periods	58	56
Tax expense for the financial period	_	_

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 12. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	01.09.2024 to 28.02.2025 % p.a.	01.09.2023 to 29.02.2024 % p.a.
Management fee	0.01	0.01
Trustee's fee	0.02	0.02
PPA administrative fee	0.02	0.02
Fund's other expenses	0.66	0.70
Total TER	0.71	0.75

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

#### 13. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of Shariah-compliant investment to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 0.05 times (01.09.2023 to 29.02.2024: 0.07 times).

#### 14. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

As stated in Note 1, the Fund is a feeder fund whereby a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Target Fund.

As the Fund invests primarily in the Shariah-compliant CIS, it is not possible or meaningful to classify its Shariah-compliant investment by separate business or geographical segments.

#### 15. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE PROVIDER

Details of transactions with the Provider for the financial period ended 28 February 2025 are as follows:

Provider	Transac	tions value
	RM	%
AmFunds Management Berhad	180,350	100.00

The Provider is of the opinion that the above transactions have been entered in the normal course of business and have been established under terms that are no less favourable than those arranged with independent third parties.

The above transactions are in respect of investment in Shariah-compliant CIS. Transactions in this Shariah-compliant investment do not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, management risk, non-compliance risk and Shariah non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of Shariah-compliant investment coupled with stringent compliance to Shariah-compliant investment restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Islamic Capital Market Products and Services, and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

#### (a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

#### (i) Price risk

Price risk refers to the uncertainty of an investment's future prices. In the event of adverse price movements, the Fund might endure potential loss on its Shariah-compliant investment in the Target Fund. In managing price risk, the Provider actively monitors the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk applies to distribution receivables. The issuer of such instruments may not be able to fulfill the required profit payments or repay the principal invested or amount owing. These risks may cause the Fund's Shariah-compliant investment to fluctuate in value.

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund manages the risk by setting internal counterparty limits and undertaking internal credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Cash at bank is held for liquidity purposes and is not exposed to significant credit risk.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. This is also the risk of Fund experiencing large redemptions, when the Investment Manager could be forced to sell large volumes of its holdings at unfavorable prices to meet redemption requirements.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by members. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, Shariah-compliant deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

The Fund's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of not more than six months.

#### (d) Single issuer risk

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund is restricted from investing in securities issued by any issuer in excess of a certain percentage of its NAV. Under such restriction, the risk exposure to the securities of any single issuer is diversified and managed by the Target Fund Manager based on internal/external ratings.

#### (e) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

#### (f) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

#### (g) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Provider or the Trustee not complying with their respective internal policies, the Deeds, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2024 TO 28 FEBRUARY 2025

#### 16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

#### (h) Shariah non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Fund not conforming to Shariah Investment Guidelines. The Shariah Adviser for the Fund would be responsible for ensuring that the Fund is managed and administered in accordance with Shariah Investment Guidelines. Note that as the Fund can only invest in Shariah-compliant instruments, non-compliance may adversely affect the NAV of the Fund when the rectification of non-compliance results in losses.

#### STATEMENT BY THE PROVIDER

I, Wong Weng Tuck, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the "Provider"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Provider, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards 134: *Interim Financial Reporting* ("MFRS 134") so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmPRS – Dynamic Sukuk (the "Fund") as at 28 February 2025 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in net assets attributable to members and cash flows for the financial period then ended.

For and on behalf of the Provider

**WONG WENG TUCK** 

**Executive Director** 

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 21 April 2025

#### THE SCHEME TRUSTEE'S REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF AMPRS - DYNAMIC SUKUK ("Fund")

We have acted as the Scheme Trustee of the Fund for the financial period ended 28 February 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the PRS Provider under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

**Ng Hon Leong** Head, Fund Operations Sylvia Beh Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 21 April 2025 SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT FOR ISLAMIC PRIVATE RETIREMENT SCHEME FUND

To the members of AmPRS - Dynamic Sukuk ("Fund"),

We hereby confirm the following:

1. To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds

Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by

these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and requirements and

complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities

Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters: and

The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah-

compliant.

For Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd

Tan Sri Dr Mohd Daud Bakar

**Executive Chairman** 

Date: 21 April 2025

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#### **DIRECTORY**

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Email: enquiries@aminvest.com

Postal Address AmFunds Management Berhad

P.O Box 13611, 50816 Kuala Lumpur

#### **Distributors**

For more details on the list of distributors, please contact the PRS Provider.

For enquiries about this Scheme and any other funds offered by the PRS Provider Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday-Thursday) Friday 8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.

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