

Annual Report for

AmGlobal Agribusiness *(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)*

31 May 2026



TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad
9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group
55 Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur

Trustee

HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad

Auditors and Reporting Accountants

Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation Adviser

Deloitte Malaysia Tax Services Sdn. Bhd.
(formerly known as Deloitte Tax Services Sdn. Bhd.)

AmGlobal Agribusiness
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)

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MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the audited accounts of AmGlobal Agribusiness (*formerly known as Global Agribusiness*) ("Fund") for the financial year ended 31 May 2026.

Salient Information of the Fund

Name	AmGlobal Agribusiness (<i>formerly known as Global Agribusiness</i>) ("Fund")
Category Type	Feeder (Global Equity) / Growth
Name of Target Fund	DWS Invest Global Agribusiness
Fund Objective	The investment objective is to gain the greatest possible return on investments by investing in global agribusiness equities from agricultural commodities to consumer products. <i>Note: Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would require Unit Holders' approval.</i>
Duration	The Fund was established on 3 May 2007 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.
Performance Benchmark	The MSCI World is only used as a reference benchmark as the Fund is benchmark independent ("MSCI World"). (Available at www.aminvest.com) <i>Note: The risk profile of the performance benchmark is not the same as the risk profile of the Fund.</i> <i>Source: MSCI. The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or disseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or a component of any financial instruments or products or indices. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each other person involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties (including, without limitation, any warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, timeliness, non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) with respect to this information. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including, without limitation, lost profits) or any other damages. (www.msci.com).</i>
Income Distribution Policy	Income distribution (if any) is incidental.

Fund Performance Data

Portfolio Composition	Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 31 May are as follows:			
		As at 31 May		
		2026 %	2025 %	2024 %
	Foreign Collective Investment Scheme	91.60	91.12	91.14
	Money market deposits and cash equivalents	8.40	8.88	8.86
	Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
	<i>Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.</i>			
Performance Details	Performance details of the Fund for the financial years ended 31 May are as follows:			
		FYE 2026	FYE 2025	FYE 2024
	Net asset value (RM)	11,632,380	15,617,372	19,305,555
	Units in circulation	8,241,685	10,582,170	12,306,167
	Net asset value per unit (RM)	1.4114	1.4758	1.5688
	Highest net asset value per unit (RM)	1.5048	1.5710	1.7216
	Lowest net asset value per unit (RM)	1.3308	1.3742	1.4960
	Benchmark performance (%)	19.78	1.21	24.01
	Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾	-4.36	-5.92	-1.48
	- Capital growth (%)	-4.36	-5.92	-1.48
	Total expense ratio (%) ⁽²⁾	1.38	1.27	1.21
	Portfolio turnover ratio (times) ⁽³⁾	0.13	0.07	0.80
	<i>Note:</i>			
	(1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees. Total return is calculated based on the published NAV/unit (last business day).			
	(2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The TER increased by 0.11% as compared to 1.27% per annum for the financial year ended 31 May 2025 mainly due to increase in expenses.			
	(3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis. The increase in the PTR for 2026 and decrease in 2025 were due mainly to investing activities.			

Average Total Return (as at 31 May 2026)

	AmGlobal Agribusiness^(a) %	Benchmark^(b) %
One year	-4.36	19.78
Three years	-3.94	14.54
Five years	-2.11	8.84
Ten years	3.37	10.47

Annual Total Return

Financial Years Ended (31 May)	AmGlobal Agribusiness^(a) %	Benchmark^(b) %
2026	-4.36	19.78
2025	-5.92	1.21
2024	-1.48	24.01
2023	-11.99	4.32
2022	15.24	-2.58

(a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.

(b) Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI) World.

- The benchmark, MSCI World, is only used as a reference benchmark as the Fund is benchmark independent. (Available at www.aminvest.com)

The Fund performance is calculated based on the net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

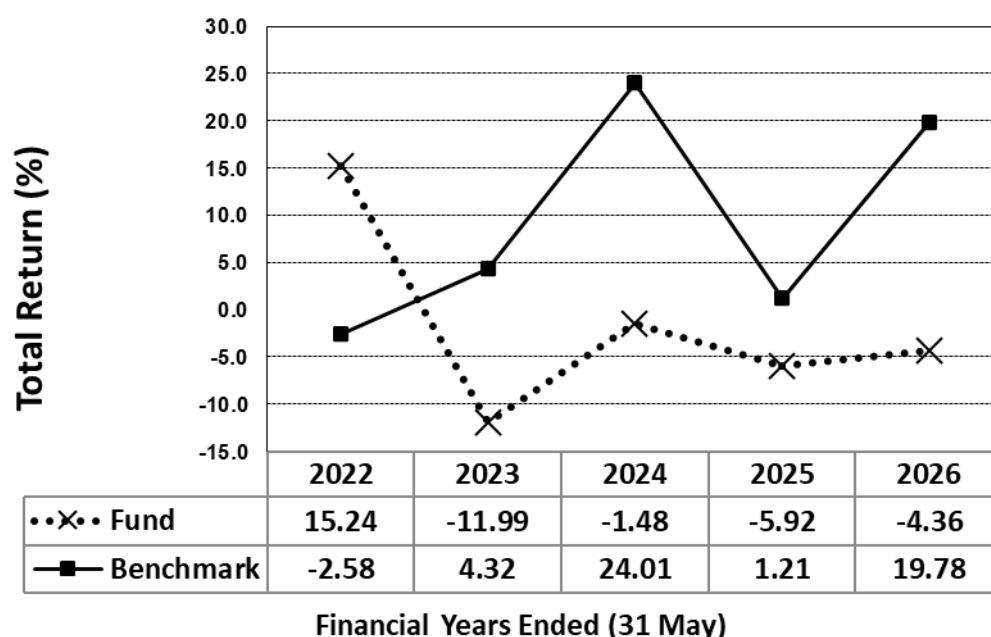
**Fund
Performance**

For the financial year under review, the Fund registered a negative return of 4.36% which is entirely capital in nature.

Thus, the Fund's negative return of 4.36% has underperformed the benchmark's return of 19.78% by 24.14%.

As compared with the financial year ended 31 May 2025, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund decreased by 4.36% from RM1.4758 to RM1.4114, while units in circulation decreased by 22.12% from 10,582,170 units to 8,241,685 units.

The following line chart shows the comparison between the annual performances of AmGlobal Agribusiness (formerly known as Global Agribusiness) and its benchmark for the financial years ended 31 May.



Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Performance of the Target Fund

Fund Performance Review of the Target Fund – DWS Invest Global Agribusiness (the “Target Fund”)

Performance of DWS Invest Global Agribusiness LC

In May DWS Invest Global Agribusiness (LC share class) was down by -2.40% in EUR and down by -2.83% in USD.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.

The best performing companies were ICL Group, DSM Firmenich and Ag Growth. On the other hand, the weakest performers were Graincorp, JBS and Rumo.

ICL Group ended the month significantly higher after reporting Q1 results that beat consensus on both earnings and revenue. The company also raised its full-year EBITDA guidance.

DSM Firmenich reported solid Q1 organic sales growth well ahead of consensus, led by a strong volume performance in Perfumery & Beauty. Additionally, the company reacted positively to trading on the SIX Swiss Exchange as part of a dual listing.

Ag Growth reacted positively after reporting Q1 earnings and sales above estimates. Additionally, the company appointed a new CEO which helped reinforce the narrative of the company undergoing a credible strategic reset.

Graincorp fell sharply following its first-half earnings release which revealed a significant profit decline driven by a global grain supply glut compressing agribusiness margins to multi-year lows. Sentiment was further weighed down by a weaker-than-expected cash position, ongoing farm-input disruptions stemming from the Middle East conflict, and a deteriorating crop outlook for FY27 due to poor weather conditions.

JBS's decline was triggered by a Q1 earnings miss with EBITDA coming in well

	below consensus, driven by severe margin pressure in North American beef operations – stemming from tight cattle supply and a structural herd rebuild delayed further by dry weather – as well as weakness in US poultry. Towards the end of the month, a further headwind emerged as China reportedly suspended beef imports from another JBS plant, adding to concerns around the company’s export market access. Rumo shares were pressured despite reporting a solid Q1 print. The underperformance appears largely attributed to an overhang from Cosan, Rumo’s controlling shareholder, which was reportedly in the process of selling a minority stake in the company to reduce its own debt burden. <i>This information is intended for informational purposes only and does not constitute investment advice, a recommendation, an offer or solicitation. Calculation of fund performance is based on the time-weighted return and excludes front-end fees. Individual costs such as fees, commissions and other charges have not been included in this presentation and would have an adverse impact on returns if they were included. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.</i> <i>Source: DWS Investment GmbH, as at 31 May 2026</i>		
Strategies and Policies Employed	Strategies and Policies employed by Target Fund Agriculture has developed into a dynamic growth market across the globe, as a growing world population needs to be provided with adequate food while per capita area under cultivation is declining. The fund management aims to take advantage of the opportunities of all important sectors of the agricultural industry and invests in a flexible way along the agricultural value chain – from “Seed to Supermarket” with a focus on the following areas: seep and crop protection, fertilizer, agricultural equipment, agricultural logistics, processing and distribution, food production as well as agricultural technology. <i>Source: DWS Investment GmbH, as at 31 May 2026</i> Strategies and Policies of the Fund For the financial year under review, a minimum of 85% of its NAV was invested in the share class denominated in USD of the Target Fund.		
Target Fund’s Top 10 Holdings	Fund Name	Principal Holdings	in % of fund volume (as of 31 May 2025)
	DWS Invest Global Agribusiness	Nutrien Ltd	3.90
		Corteva Inc	3.80
		K+S AG	3.53
		Archer-Daniels-Midland Co	3.46
		Bunge Global S.A.	3.44
		Waste Management Inc	3.39
		Darling Ingredients Inc	3.39
		McDonald’s Corp	3.30
		Sociedad Quimica y Minera de Chile SA	3.25
		WH Group Ltd - 144A	3.25
	Fund Name	Principal Holdings	in % of fund volume (as of 29 May 2026)
	DWS Invest Global Agribusiness	Nutrien Ltd	3.90
Corteva Inc		3.80	

		K+S AG	3.50	
		Archer-Daniels-Midland Co	3.50	
		Bunge Global S.A.	3.40	
		Waste Management Inc	3.40	
		Darling Ingredients Inc	3.40	
		McDonald's Corp	3.30	
		Sociedad Quimica y Minera de Chile SA	3.20	
		WH Group Ltd - 144A	3.20	
	In May 2026, we entered new positions in two US gas exploration companies as well as a US company that develops and manufactures animal health medicines and vaccines. Additionally, we increased existing positions in a Swiss manufacturer and marketer of fragrances and flavors, a Swiss innovator in nutrition, health and beauty products as well as a Swiss manufacturer of chocolate and confectionery. We also reduced our positions in an Australian manufacturer of base metals, a Hong Kong-based operator of meat processing services and a US operator of supermarkets. The current cash level is 0.9%. <i>Source: DWS Investment GmbH, as at 31 May 2026</i>			
Portfolio Structure	The table below is the asset allocation of the Fund as at 31 May 2026 and 31 May 2025.			
		As at 31.05.2026 %	As at 31.05.2025 %	Changes %
	Foreign Collective Investment Scheme	91.60	91.12	0.48
	Money market deposits and cash equivalents	8.40	8.88	-0.48
	Total	100.00	100.00	
	For the financial year under review, the Fund has invested 91.60% of its NAV in the foreign Collective Investment Scheme and the balance 8.40% of its NAV in money market deposits and cash equivalents.			
Securities Lending / Repurchase Transactions	The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions (collectively referred to as “securities financing transactions”).			
Cross Trades	There were no cross trades undertaken during the financial year under review.			
Distribution / unit splits	There is no distribution and unit split declared for the financial year under review.			
State of Affairs	There has been neither significant changes to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unitholders during the financial year under review.			
Rebates and Soft Commission	During the year, the management company did not receive soft commissions by virtue of transactions conducted for the Fund.			

Market Review	In the beginning of 2026, our investment strategy stays the same, the broadened investment universe of the Target Fund provides many investment opportunities along the full value chain within Agribusiness. This includes not only traditional agricultural sectors as seed & crop protection producers, fertilizer, or ag equipment companies, but also more remote sectors like restaurants, food companies, supermarkets, online food delivery, protein producers and beyond (e.g. chicken, beef, pork, and plant-based alternatives) or aquaculture. These are less or sometimes negatively correlated with the traditional Agribusiness equities and should therefore perform independently of grain commodity prices. Currently we have a balanced approach between upstream and downstream. A notable theme through 2025 has been the widespread assumption of rising agricultural commodity availability, shifting rapidly from a narrative of food insecurity in 2022/23, to one of perceived abundance in 2025/26. At the world / world-ex China level, our balances have not supported the message of abundant availability, which is more closely reflective of US row crop availability largely due to US tariffs and trade disruptions. <i>Source: DWS Investment GmbH, as at 31 May 2026</i>
Market Outlook	Global stock-to-use ratios are expected to remain rel. low in 2026/27 and 2027/28, declining from levels in 2025/26. This declining availability base, driven by low producer margins, raises the sensitivity and price volatility to supply-side disruptions. An improvement in producer production margins off the current low to negative base, alongside favorable growing conditions, would alter this outlook and offer an improved supply-side picture. Besides fundamentals in Agribusiness, the PM team is convinced that whenever there will be a sector rotation within the equity markets from the dominance of AI related names towards other neglected areas like Agribusiness, the strategy should have a high probability of a performance comeback. Overall feeding the world will stay an important investment topic which will not go away, in the end eating and drinking is a key necessary for the human mankind and cannot be disrupted by AI. <i>Source: DWS Investment GmbH, as at 31 May 2026</i>

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
AmFunds Management Berhad

21 July 2026

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmGlobal Agribusiness
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)**

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of AmGlobal Agribusiness (*formerly known as Global Agribusiness*) (the "Fund"), which comprise the statement of financial position of the Fund as at 31 May 2026, and statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows of the Fund for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 12 to 35.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 May 2026, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report of the Fund, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmGlobal Agribusiness (cont'd.)
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)**

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (cont'd.)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustee is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process. The Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager maintains proper accounting and other records as are necessary to enable true and fair presentation of these financial statements.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmGlobal Agribusiness (cont'd.)
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)**

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd.)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

**Independent auditors' report to the unit holders of
AmGlobal Agribusiness (cont'd.)
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)**

Other matters

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, as a body, in accordance with the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young PLT
202006000003 (LLP0022760-LCA) & AF 0039
Chartered Accountants

Ng Sue Ean
No. 03276/07/2028 J
Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
21 July 2026

AmGlobal Agribusiness
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 MAY 2026

	Note	2026 RM	2025 RM
ASSETS			
Investment	4	10,655,519	14,230,434
Amount due from Target Fund Manager	5	149,524	-
Cash at banks		991,182	1,427,197
TOTAL ASSETS		11,796,225	15,657,631
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager	6	143,959	19,517
Amount due to Trustee	7	511	663
Sundry payables and accruals		19,375	20,079
TOTAL LIABILITIES		163,845	40,259
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		11,632,380	15,617,372
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital	9(a)	36,879,958	40,213,313
Accumulated losses	9(b)(c)	(25,247,578)	(24,595,941)
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	9	11,632,380	15,617,372
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9(a)	8,241,685	10,582,170
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		1.4114	1.4758

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmGlobal Agribusiness
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026**

	Note	2026 RM	2025 RM
INVESTMENT LOSSES			
Interest income		30,897	40,981
Net losses from investment:			
– Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)	8	(485,958)	(973,427)
Other net realised losses on foreign currency exchange		(8,005)	(5,860)
Other net unrealised loss on foreign currency exchange		-	(104)
		<u>(463,066)</u>	<u>(938,410)</u>
EXPENDITURE			
Management fee	6	(153,168)	(189,703)
Trustee’s fee	7	(6,843)	(8,484)
Audit fee		(9,500)	(8,000)
Tax agent’s fee		(4,400)	(3,800)
Other expenses		(14,660)	(5,336)
		<u>(188,571)</u>	<u>(215,323)</u>
Net losses before taxation		(651,637)	(1,153,733)
Taxation	11	-	-
Net losses after taxation, representing total comprehensive losses for the financial year		<u>(651,637)</u>	<u>(1,153,733)</u>
Total comprehensive losses comprise the following:			
Realised losses		(523,873)	(369,607)
Unrealised losses		(127,764)	(784,126)
		<u>(651,637)</u>	<u>(1,153,733)</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmGlobal Agribusiness
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026**

	Note	Unit holders' capital RM	Accumulated losses RM	Total equity RM
At 1 June 2025		40,213,313	(24,595,941)	15,617,372
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year		-	(651,637)	(651,637)
Creation of units	9(a)	943,569	-	943,569
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(4,276,924)	-	(4,276,924)
Balance at 31 May 2026		<u>36,879,958</u>	<u>(25,247,578)</u>	<u>11,632,380</u>
At 1 June 2024		42,747,763	(23,442,208)	19,305,555
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year		-	(1,153,733)	(1,153,733)
Creation of units	9(a)	1,200,246	-	1,200,246
Cancellation of units	9(a)	(3,734,696)	-	(3,734,696)
Balance at 31 May 2025		<u>40,213,313</u>	<u>(24,595,941)</u>	<u>15,617,372</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

AmGlobal Agribusiness
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026

	2026	2025
	RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investment	3,227,627	2,629,157
Purchases of investment	(296,199)	-
Interest received	30,897	40,981
Management fee paid	(156,736)	(195,081)
Trustee's fee paid	(6,995)	(8,668)
Tax agent's fee paid	(7,600)	-
Payments for other expenses	(21,664)	(13,393)
Net cash generated from operating and investing activities	<u>2,769,330</u>	<u>2,452,996</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units	943,569	1,200,246
Payments for cancellation of units	(4,148,914)	(3,794,072)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(3,205,345)</u>	<u>(2,593,826)</u>
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>(436,015)</u>	<u>(140,830)</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	<u>1,427,197</u>	<u>1,568,027</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	<u>991,182</u>	<u>1,427,197</u>
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash at banks	<u>991,182</u>	<u>1,427,197</u>

AmGlobal Agribusiness
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

AmGlobal Agribusiness (the “Fund”) was established pursuant to a Deed dated 2 April 2007 as amended by Deeds supplemental thereto (the “Deeds”), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad as the Trustee and all unit holders. By 15th Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 5 August 2025, the Fund has changed its name from Global Agribusiness to AmGlobal Agribusiness.

The Fund was set up with the objective of gaining the greatest possible return on investments by investing in the Luxembourg-based DWS Invest Global Agribusiness (“Target Fund”) which invests in global equities across diverse sectors of the agribusiness chain. Being a feeder fund, a minimum of 85% of the Fund’s NAV will be invested in the Target Fund, which is a separate unit trust fund managed by DWS Investment S.A. (“Target Fund Manager”). As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 31 May and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 3 May 2007.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 21 July 2026.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with MFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (“MASB”) and IFRS Accounting Standards.

Standards effective during the financial year

The adoption of the following amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards which became effective during the financial year did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 121 <i>The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability</i>	1 January 2025

Standards issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund’s financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026**

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards issued but not yet effective (cont'd.)

Description	Effective for financial periods beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i> and MFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classifications and Measurement of Financial Instruments</i>	1 January 2026
Amendments that are part of Annual Improvements - Volume 11: Amendments to MFRS 1 <i>First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards</i>	1 January 2026
Amendments to MFRS 7 <i>Financial Instruments: Disclosures</i>	
Amendments to MFRS 9 <i>Financial Instruments</i>	
Amendments to MFRS 10 <i>Consolidated Financial Statements</i> *	
Amendments to MFRS 107 <i>Statement of Cash Flows</i>	
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 <i>Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity</i> *	1 January 2026
MFRS 18 <i>Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements</i>	1 January 2027
MFRS 19 <i>Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures</i> *	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 121: <i>The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates - Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency</i>	1 January 2027
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: <i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> *	Deferred

* These MFRS Accounting Standards and Amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards are not relevant to the Fund.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

(i) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

- (ii) Gain or loss on disposal of investment

On disposal of investment, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income ("OCI") or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

3.4 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. At each reporting date, foreign currency monetary items are translated into RM at exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. All exchange gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

3.5 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investment that is readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.6 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings and realised income. Realised income is the income earned from interest income and net gain on disposal of investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holders on the distribution payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the distribution payment date, which is also the time of creation.

3.7 Unit holders' capital

The unit holders' capital of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and is classified as equity instruments as it meets all criteria for such classification under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

3.8 Financial instruments – initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Manager, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Interest earned element of such instrument is recorded in "Interest income". Exchange differences on financial assets at FVTPL are not recognised separately in profit or loss but are included in net gain or net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

The Fund subsequently measures its investment at FVTPL. Distribution earned whilst holding the investment is recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established. Gains and losses on the investment, realised and unrealised, are included in profit or loss.

3.10 Financial liabilities – classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holders. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.11 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a “pass-through” arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investment classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses (“ECL”)

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONT'D.)

3.13 Determination of fair value

For investment in Collective Investment Scheme ("CIS"), fair value is determined based on the closing NAV per unit of the foreign CIS. Purchased cost is the quoted price that the Fund paid when buying its investment. The difference between purchased cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss.

3.14 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting year.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its investment as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investment in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holders' cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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4. INVESTMENT

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Financial asset at FVTPL		
At cost:		
Foreign CIS	<u>11,842,357</u>	<u>15,289,508</u>
At fair value:		
Foreign CIS	<u>10,655,519</u>	<u>14,230,434</u>

Details of investment are as follows:

Foreign CIS	Number of units	Fair value RM	Purchased cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV %
2026				
DWS Invest Global Agribusiness ("Target Fund")	<u>14,253</u>	<u>10,655,519</u>	<u>11,842,357</u>	<u>91.60</u>
Shortfall of fair value over purchased cost		<u>(1,186,838)</u>		

5. AMOUNT DUE FROM TARGET FUND MANAGER

The amount due from Target Fund Manager arose from the sale of investment. The settlement period is within two business days from the transaction date.

6. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

	Note	2026 RM	2025 RM
Due to Manager			
Cancellation of units	(i)	131,810	3,800
Management fee payable	(ii)	<u>12,149</u>	<u>15,717</u>
		<u>143,959</u>	<u>19,517</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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6. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER (CONT'D.)

- (i) This represents amount payable to the Manager for units cancelled.

The normal credit period in the current and previous financial years for cancellation of units is three business days.

- (ii) As the Fund is investing in the Target Fund, the management fee was charged as follows:

	2026 % p.a.	2025 % p.a.
Management fee charged by the Target Fund Manager, on the NAV of the Target Fund	0.75	0.75
Management fee charged by the Manager, on the NAV of investment in the Target Fund (Note a)	1.05	1.05
Management fee charged by the Manager, on the remaining NAV of the Fund (Note a)	1.80	1.80

Note a) The management fee is charged on 1.05% of the NAV of investment in the Target Fund and 1.80% on the remaining NAV of the Fund.

The normal credit period in the current and previous financial years for management fee payable is one month.

7. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.05% (2025: 0.05%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the current and previous financial years for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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8. NET LOSSES FROM INVESTMENT

	2026	2025
	RM	RM
Net losses on financial asset at FVTPL comprised:		
– Net realised gain/(loss) on sale of investment	35,075	(119,018)
– Net realised losses on foreign currency exchange	(393,269)	(70,387)
– Net unrealised gains on changes in fair value of investment	389,191	840,101
– Net unrealised losses on foreign currency fluctuation of investment denominated in foreign currency	(516,955)	(1,624,123)
	<u>(485,958)</u>	<u>(973,427)</u>

9. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity is represented by:

	Note	2026	2025
		RM	RM
Unit holders' capital	(a)	36,879,958	40,213,313
Accumulated losses			
– Realised losses	(b)	(24,060,740)	(23,536,867)
– Unrealised losses	(c)	(1,186,838)	(1,059,074)
		<u>11,632,380</u>	<u>15,617,372</u>

(a) Unit holders' capital/Units in circulation

	2026		2025	
	Number of	RM	Number of	RM
	units		units	
At beginning of the financial year	10,582,170	40,213,313	12,306,167	42,747,763
Creation during the financial year	654,152	943,569	809,100	1,200,246
Cancellation during the financial year	(2,994,637)	(4,276,924)	(2,533,097)	(3,734,696)
At end of the financial year	<u>8,241,685</u>	<u>36,879,958</u>	<u>10,582,170</u>	<u>40,213,313</u>

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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9. TOTAL EQUITY (CONT'D.)

(b) Realised

	2026 RM	2025 RM
At beginning of the financial year	(23,536,867)	(23,167,260)
Net realised losses for the financial year	<u>(523,873)</u>	<u>(369,607)</u>
At end of the financial year	<u>(24,060,740)</u>	<u>(23,536,867)</u>

(c) Unrealised

	2026 RM	2025 RM
At beginning of the financial year	(1,059,074)	(274,948)
Net unrealised losses for the financial year	<u>(127,764)</u>	<u>(784,126)</u>
At end of the financial year	<u>(1,186,838)</u>	<u>(1,059,074)</u>

10. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

<u>Related parties</u>	<u>Relationships</u>
AmFunds Management Berhad	The Manager
AmInvestment Bank Berhad	Holding company of the Manager
AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB")	Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB as disclosed in its financial statements	Subsidiaries and associate companies of the ultimate holding company of the Manager

There are no units held by the Manager or any other related party as at 31 May 2026 and 31 May 2025.

11. TAXATION

Income tax payable is calculated on investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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11. TAXATION (CONT'D.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net losses before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	2026 RM	2025 RM
Net losses before taxation	(651,637)	(1,153,733)
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2025: 24%)	(156,393)	(276,896)
Tax effects of:		
Income not subject to taxation	(109,239)	(211,460)
Losses not allowed for tax deduction	220,375	436,678
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for unit trust fund	35,136	42,704
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	6,217	4,229
Permitted expenses not used and not available for future financial years	3,904	4,745
Tax expense for the financial year	-	-

12. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	2026 % p.a.	2025 % p.a.
Management fee	1.12	1.12
Trustee's fee	0.05	0.05
Fund's other expenses	0.21	0.10
Total TER	1.38	1.27

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

13. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investment to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis is 0.13 times (2025: 0.07 times).

14. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

As stated in Note 1, the Fund is a feeder fund whereby a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Target Fund.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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14. SEGMENTAL REPORTING (CONT'D.)

As the Fund operates substantially as a feeder fund which invests primarily in the Target Fund, it is not possible or meaningful to classify its investment by separate business or geographical segments.

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TARGET FUND MANAGER

Details of transactions with the Target Fund Manager for the financial year ended 31 May 2026 are as follows:

Target Fund Manager	Transactions value	
	RM	%
DWS Investment S.A.	3,681,355	100.00

The above transactions are in respect of investment in foreign CIS. Transactions in this investment do not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Classification of financial instruments

The accounting policies in Note 3 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Fund in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis.

	Financial asset at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2026				
Financial assets				
Investment	10,655,519	-	-	10,655,519
Amount due from Target Fund Manager	-	149,524	-	149,524
Cash at banks	-	991,182	-	991,182
Total financial assets	10,655,519	1,140,706	-	11,796,225

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(a) Classification of financial instruments (cont'd.)

	Financial asset at FVTPL RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	Financial liabilities at amortised cost RM	Total RM
2026 (cont'd.)				
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	143,959	143,959
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	511	511
Total financial liabilities	-	-	144,470	144,470
2025				
Financial assets				
Investment	14,230,434	-	-	14,230,434
Cash at banks	-	1,427,197	-	1,427,197
Total financial assets	14,230,434	1,427,197	-	15,657,631
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager	-	-	19,517	19,517
Amount due to Trustee	-	-	663	663
Total financial liabilities	-	-	20,180	20,180
				Income, expenses, gains and losses
				2026 RM
				2025 RM
Income, of which derived from:				
– Interest income from financial asset at amortised cost				30,897
Net losses on financial asset at FVTPL				(485,958)
Other net realised losses on foreign currency exchange				(8,005)
Other net unrealised loss on foreign currency exchange				-
				40,981
				(973,427)
				(5,860)
				(104)

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026**

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D.)

(b) Financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The Fund's financial assets and liabilities are carried at fair value.

The Fund uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable; either directly or indirectly; or

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by the level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2026				
Financial asset at FVTPL	-	10,655,519	-	10,655,519
2025				
Financial asset at FVTPL	-	14,230,434	-	14,230,434

(c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value due to their short period to maturity or short credit period:

- Amount due from Target Fund Manager
- Cash at banks
- Amount due to Manager
- Amount due to Trustee

There are no financial instruments which are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of their respective fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, country risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of investment coupled with stringent compliance to investment restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Price risk

Price risk refers to the uncertainty of an investment's future prices. In the event of adverse price movements, the Fund might endure potential loss on its investment in the Target Fund. In managing price risk, the Manager actively monitors the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

The result below summarised the price risk sensitivity of the Fund's NAV due to movements of price by -5.00% and +5.00% respectively:

Percentage movements in price by:	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV	
	2026 RM	2025 RM
-5.00%	(532,776)	(711,522)
+5.00%	<u>532,776</u>	<u>711,522</u>

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk will affect the value of the Fund's investment, given the interest rate movements, which are influenced by regional and local economic developments as well as political developments.

Domestic interest rates on deposits and placements with licensed financial institution are determined based on prevailing market rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk (cont'd.)

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency. Currency risk refers to the potential loss the Fund might face due to unfavorable fluctuations of currencies other than the Fund's functional currency against the Fund's functional currency.

The result below summarised the currency risk sensitivity of the Fund's NAV due to appreciation/depreciation of the Fund's functional currency against currencies other than the Fund's functional currency.

Percentage movements in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency:	Sensitivity of the Fund's NAV	
	2026 RM	2025 RM
-5.00%	(540,348)	(711,625)
+5.00%	540,348	711,625

The net unhedged financial assets of the Fund that are not denominated in Fund's functional currency are as follows:

Financial assets denominated in	2026	% of NAV	2025	% of NAV
	RM equivalent		RM equivalent	
United States Dollar				
Investment	10,655,519	91.60	14,230,434	91.12
Amount due from Target Fund Manager	149,524	1.28	-	-
Cash at bank	1,918	0.02	2,075	0.01
	<u>10,806,961</u>	<u>92.90</u>	<u>14,232,509</u>	<u>91.13</u>

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk applies to distribution receivable. The issuer of such instruments may not be able to fulfill the required interest payments or repay the principal invested or amount owing. These risks may cause the Fund's investment to fluctuate in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(b) Credit risk (cont'd.)

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund manages the risk by setting internal counterparty limits and undertaking internal credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Cash at banks are held for liquidity purposes and are not exposed to significant credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. This is also the risk of the Fund experiencing large redemptions, when the Investment Manager could be forced to sell large volumes of its holdings at unfavorable prices to meet redemption requirements.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

The Fund's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of not more than six months.

(d) Single issuer risk

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund is restricted from investing in securities issued by any issuer in excess of a certain percentage of its NAV. Under such restriction, the risk exposure to the securities of any single issuer is diversified and managed by the Target Fund Manager based on internal/external ratings.

(e) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2026**

17. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(f) Country risk

The risk of price fluctuation in foreign securities may arise due to political, financial and economic events in foreign countries. If this occurs, there is a possibility that the NAV of the Fund may be adversely affected.

(g) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

(h) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with their respective internal policies, the Deeds, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

The specific risks associated to the Target Fund include market risk, securities risk, emerging market risk, settlement and credit risks, regulatory and accounting standards risks, political risk, custody risk and liquidity risk.

18. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The capital of the Fund can vary depending on the demand for creation and cancellation of units to the Fund.

The Fund's objectives for managing capital are:

- (a) To invest in investment meeting the description, risk exposure and expected return indicated in its Prospectus;
- (b) To maintain sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Fund, and to meet cancellation requests as they arise; and
- (c) To maintain sufficient fund size to make the operations of the Fund cost-efficient.

No changes were made to the capital management objectives, policies or processes during the current and previous financial years.

AmGlobal Agribusiness
(formerly known as Global Agribusiness)

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Wong Weng Tuck, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the “Manager”), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards and IFRS Accounting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of AmGlobal Agribusiness (*formerly known as Global Agribusiness*) (the “Fund”) as at 31 May 2026 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

WONG WENG TUCK
Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
21 July 2026

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF AMGLOBAL AGRIBUSINESS (FORMERLY KNOWN AS GLOBAL AGRIBUSINESS) ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 May 2026 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AmFunds Management Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deeds, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the Deeds; and
3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirement.

For HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad

Lee Cincee
Associate Director, Trustee and Fiduciary Services

Kuala Lumpur
21 July 2026

DIRECTORY

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Email: enquiries@aminvest.com

Postal Address AmFunds Management Berhad
P.O Box 13611, 50816 Kuala Lumpur

*For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad
Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),
Friday (8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.)*

