Semi-Annual Report for

Global Property Equities Fund

31 May 2025





TRUST DIRECTORY

Manager

AmFunds Management Berhad 9th & 10th Floor, Bangunan AmBank Group 55 Jalan Raja Chulan 50200 Kuala Lumpur

Trustee

AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad

Auditors and Reporting Accountants Ernst & Young PLT

Taxation AdviserDeloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd

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MANAGER'S REPORT

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to present you the Manager's report and the unaudited accounts of Global Property Equities Fund ("Fund") for the financial period from 1 December 2024 to 31 May 2025.

Salient Information of the Fund

Name	Global Property Equities Fund ("Fund")
Category/ Type	Feeder (Global Property Equity) / Capital growth and income
Name of Target Fund	Janus Henderson Horizon Global Property Equities Fund
Objective	The Fund seeks to provide investors with long-term capital appreciation by investing in the quoted equity securities of companies or REITs (or its equivalent) listed or traded on regulated markets which derive the main part of their revenue from the ownership, management and/or development of real estate, throughout the world. The Fund is denominated in RM. Note: Any material change to the investment objective of the Fund would
	require Unit Holders' approval.
Duration	The Fund was established on 25 October 2005 and shall exist for as long as it appears to the Manager and the Trustee that it is in the interests of the unitholders for it to continue. In some circumstances, the unitholders can resolve at a meeting to terminate the Fund.
Performance Benchmark	The FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index TR. (Available at www.aminvest.com)
	Note: The Fund adheres to the benchmark of the Target Fund. The risk profile of the performance benchmark is not the same as the risk profile of the Fund.
	Source: London Stock Exchange Group plc and its group undertakings, including FTSE International Limited (collectively, the "LSE Group"), European Public Real Estate Association ("EPRA"), and the National Association of Real Estate Investments Trusts ("Nareit") (and together the "Licensor Parties"). © LSE Group 2025. FTSE Russell is a trading name of certain LSE Group companies. "FTSE®" and "Russell®" are a trade mark(s) of the relevant LSE Group companies and are used by any other LSE Group company under license. "Nareit®" is a trade mark of Nareit, "EPRA®" is a trade mark of EPRA and all are used by the LSE Group under license. All rights in the FTSE EPRA Nareit Global Real Estate Index Series index(es) or data vest in the Licensor Parties. The Licensor Parties do not accept any liability for any errors or omissions in the indexes or data and no party may rely on any indexes or data contained in this communication. No further distribution of data from the LSE Group is permitted without the relevant LSE Group company's express written consent. The Licensor Parties do not promote, sponsor or endorse the content of this communication.

Income Distribution Policy

Subject to the availability of income, distribution will be made at least once every year.

At the Manager's discretion, the Fund may distribute from its gain, income and capital. The rationale for distribution out of capital is to allow the Fund the ability to (i) distribute income on a regular basis in accordance with the distribution policy of the Fund or (ii) increase the amount of distributable income to the Unit Holders, after taking into consideration the risk of distributing out of capital.

Distribution out of the Fund's capital has the effect of lowering the NAV of the Fund, may reduce part of the Unit Holders' original investment and may also result in reduced future returns to Unit Holders. When a substantial amount of the original investment is being returned to the Unit Holders, it has a risk of eroding the capital of the Fund and may, over time, cause the NAV of the Fund to fall. The greater the risk of capital erosion that exists, the greater the likelihood that, due to capital erosion, the value of future returns would also be diminished.

Fund Performance Data

Portfolio Composition

Details of portfolio composition of the Fund as at 31 May 2025 and for the past three financial years are as follows:

	As at	As at	t 30 Nove	0 November	
	31.05.2025 %	2024 %	2023 %	2022 %	
Foreign Collective Investment Scheme	91.50	92.08	97.39	97.38	
Money market deposits and cash	91.50	92.00	37.33	97.30	
equivalents	8.50	7.92	2.61	2.62	
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	

Note: The abovementioned percentages are calculated based on total net asset value.

Performance Details

Performance details of the Fund for the financial period ended 31 May 2025 and three financial years ended 30 November are as follows:

	FPE 31.05.2025	FYE 2024	FYE 2023	FYE 2022
Net asset value (RM)	14,826,731	18,071,714	23,221,444	26,240,850
Units in circulation	8,497,475	9,260,551	13,093,133	14,742,095
Net asset value per unit				
(RM)	1.7448	1.9515	1.7736	1.7800
Highest net asset value				
per unit (RM)	1.9336	1.9578	1.9030	2.3393
Lowest net asset value				
per unit (RM)	1.5901	1.7925	1.6599	1.7164
Benchmark				
performance (%)	-5.65	13.20	2.88	-12.33
Total return (%) ⁽¹⁾	-8.11	10.03	1.60	-17.84
- Capital growth (%)	-10.61	10.03	-0.36	-20.60
- Income distribution (%)	2.50	-	1.96	2.76
Gross distribution				
(RM sen per unit)	4.8757	-	4.37	6.93
Net distribution				
(RM sen per unit)	4.8757	-	3.48	6.19
Total expense ratio				
(%) ⁽²⁾	0.24	0.37	0.29	0.29
Portfolio turnover ratio				
(times) ⁽³⁾	0.06	0.21	0.06	0.11

Note:

- (1) Total return is the actual return of the Fund for the respective financial period/years computed based on the net asset value per unit and net of all fees. Total return is calculated based on the published NAV/unit (last business day).
- (2) Total expense ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis.
- (3) Portfolio turnover ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the average of the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund divided by the average fund size calculated on a daily basis.

Average Total Return (as at 31 May 2025)

	Global Property Equities Fund ^(a) %	Benchmark ^(b)
One year	-3.13	0.59
Three years	-3.56	-0.13
Five years	2.14	5.13
Ten years	4.71	4.82

Annual Total Return

Financial Years Ended (30 November)	Global Property Equities Fund ^(a) %	Benchmark ^(b)
2024	10.03	13.20
2023	1.60	2.88
2022	-17.84	-12.33

Financial Years Ended (30 November)	Global Property Equities Fund ^(a) %	Benchmark ^(b)
2021	23.68	23.79
2020	-5.63	-12.75

- (a) Source: Novagni Analytics and Advisory Sdn. Bhd.
- (b) FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index TR. (Available at www.aminvest.com).

The Fund performance is calculated based on the net asset value per unit of the Fund. Average total return of the Fund and its benchmark for a period is computed based on the absolute return for that period annualised over one year.

Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

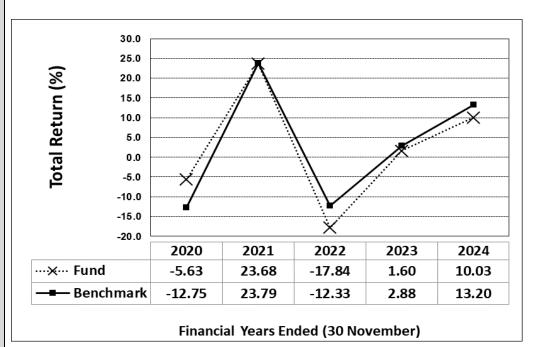
Fund Performance

For the financial period under review, the Fund registered a negative return of 8.11% comprising of negative 10.61% capital and 2.50% income distribution.

Thus, the Fund's negative return of 8.11% has underperformed the benchmark's negative return of 5.65% by 2.46%.

As compared with the financial year ended 30 November 2024, the net asset value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund decreased by 10.59% from RM1.9515 to RM1.7448, while units in circulation decreased by 8.24% from 9,260,551 units to 8,497,475 units.

The following line chart shows comparison between the annual performances of Global Property Equities Fund and its benchmark for the financial years ended 30 November.



Note: Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Performance of the Target Fund

Fund Performance Review of the Target Fund – Janus Henderson Horizon Global Property Equities Fund ("the Target Fund")

Technology-related real estate holdings added value and data centre owner Digital Realty delivered results ahead of expectations. Australian logistics owner Goodman also contributed positively after its first-quarter earnings beat expectations, while Hong Kong Land continued its strong run over the quarter, helped by its business review leading to a new CEO, share buyback and asset sale. Non-benchmark positions in real estate services provider CBRE and tower owner SBA Communications also added value. This was partially offset by cold storage owner Lineage, which detracted after its disappointing first-quarter results reflected pricing pressure in the industry.

Source: Janus Henderson Investors, as at 31 May 2025

Strategies and Policies Employed

Strategies and Policies employed by Target Fund

We initiated two new positions in free-standing retail (Net Lease) with Netstreit and Agree Realty, which was funded by selling peer Realty Income. We see both businesses as superior in tenant quality and ability to drive accretive growth given their smaller respective sizes and acquisition know-how. Elsewhere, we added a new position in US market leading homebuilder DR Horton, given what we saw as an attractive valuation and scope for a cyclical recovery. As well as its pristine balance sheet that we believe could allow for meaningful capital returns to shareholders. Later in the quarter, we added Healthcare Realty Trust, as we envisage a new management team turning around a poor-performing business operating in what we see as a very stable and predictable asset class in medical offices. We sold out of cold storage operator Lineage as new information from its first-quarter earnings suggested the beginning of a period of pricing weakness in the industry.

In Europe, we added healthcare owner Aedifica following a bid for its peer Cofinimmo in a deal which we believe will create an attractive scaled platform in healthcare with improved growth prospects. In Asia, we reduced the fund's underweight position in Hong Kong as we think fundamentals have bottomed, taking profits in Japanese developers which have benefited from currency strength and accommodative central bank policy.

Source: Janus Henderson Investors, as at 31 May 2025

Strategies and Policies of the Fund

For the financial period under review, the Fund invested a minimum of 85% of its NAV in the Target Fund.

Target Fund's Top 10 Holdings

As at 31 May 2024

Top Holdings	% of NAV
Equinix	6.28
Welltower	4.73
Prologis	4.33
Extra Space Storage	3.57
CubeSmart	3.45
Goodman Group	3.15
Mitsui Fudosan	3.00
Sabra Health Care REIT	2.97
AvalonBay Communities	2.94
First Industrial Realty Trust	2.64

	As at 31 May 2025				
	Top Holdings			% of NAV	
	Equinix			6.21	
	Digital Realty Trust			4.88	
	AvalonBay Commu	ınities		3.82	
	Welltower			3.60	
	Goodman Group			3.49	
	Ventas Public Storage			3.47 3.44	
	Prologis			3.44	
	Mitsui Fudosan			2.71	
	American Homes 4	Rent		2.70	
	Source: Janus Henc	derson Investors, as	s at 31 May 202	5	
Portfolio Structure	The table below is t November 2024.	he asset allocation	of the Fund as	s at 31 May 2	025 and 30
			As at 31.05.2025 %	As at 30.11.2024 %	Changes %
	Foreign Collective	Investment			
	Scheme		91.50	92.08	-0.58
	Money market dep	osits and cash			
	equivalents Total		8.50 100.00	7.92 100.00	0.58
Securities Lending / Repurchase Transactions	in the foreign Colle- NAV in money mark The Fund has not un (collectively referred	et deposits and cas ndertaken any seci	sh equivalents. urities lending o	r repurchase t	
Cross Trade	There were no cross review.	s trades undertaker	during the fina	ncial period ur	nder
Distribution/ Unit splits	During the financial detailed as follows:	period under reviev	w, the Fund dec	clared income	distribution,
	Date of distribution	Distribution per unit RM (sen)	NAV per un Cum-Distribu (RM)	tion Ex-Di	per unit stribution (RM)
	23-Jan-25	4.8757	1.8099	1	.7612
	There is no unit split	declared for the fir	nancial period u	nder review.	
State of Affairs	There has been neit any circumstances the financial period to	that materially affe			
Rebates and Soft Commission	During the period, the by virtue of transaction	•	• •	receive soft co	ommissions

Market Review

Global equity markets rose during the second quarter, having recovered from a sharp sell-off in the first week to end at a record high.

In early April, the US unveiled a wave of tariffs against its trading partners, although shares rebounded as the administration suspended some of the levies. A further easing in trade rivalries in May, as the US and China agreed to a truce, and a ceasefire between Israel and Iran in June, also supported equities.

European equities also made gains. The European Central Bank (ECB) announced two 25 basis point (bps) rate cuts, lowering its key deposit rate to 2.0%.

Global listed real estate rose 4.4% over the quarter, albeit underperforming wider equity markets. US REITs were sluggish. Apartments and industrial lagged, while hotels outperformed, aided by the risk-on investor sentiment towards the end of the quarter.

Despite the headlines around tariffs in April, and in contrast to the wider market during first-quarter earnings reporting, no REITs pulled their full-year guidance (forecasts). 35% of US REITs actually raised guidance, reflecting the durability of the REIT model with visible in-place leases and declining new supply.

It was a strong quarter for Asian markets, with Australia, Hong Kong, Japan and Singapore all positive. In Europe, property markets outperformed the wider market. The pro-risk and cyclical backdrop was reflected in the outperformance of lodging and office sub-sectors, while tightening yields helped leveraged names in Scandinavia and German residential. UK REITs also delivered positive returns. European REITs also saw a further wave of merger and acquisition (M&A) in healthcare, industrial and student accommodation, reflecting REIT discounts versus underlying asset values.

Source: Janus Henderson Investors, as at 31 May 2025

Market Outlook

While the macroeconomic outlook remains uncertain, property fundamentals remain healthy across most real estate sectors. Demand for high-quality space remains resilient, which, combined with falling new supply is translating into stronger pricing power for many of the landlords in which we invest. Asset prices have reset in recent years and we think falling interest rates should be supportive for values from here.

We expect public REITs to continue to lead the recovery in real estate markets, boosted by more exposure to winning real estate sectors, lower leverage, and a cost and access to capital advantage providing a pathway for growth. Importantly, public REITs have continued to offer reliable and growing income streams - a characteristic which should continue to reward investors in our view.

Source: Janus Henderson Investors, as at 31 May 2025

Additional Information

The following information was updated:

1) The Twelfth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 27 March 2025 has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia. The issuance is to update the distribution policy of the Fund and the disclosure on the delegate of AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad. Notice of issuance for the Twelfth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 27 March 2025 was published on our website at www.aminvest.com and sent to unit holders on 7 April 2025.

- 2) The Thirteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 2 May 2025 has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia. Notice of issuance for the Thirteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 2 May 2025 was published on our website at www.aminvest.com and sent to unit holders on 16 May 2025.
- 3) The Fourteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 25 June 2025 has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia. Notice of issuance for the Fourteenth Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 25 June 2025 was published on our website at www.aminvest.com and sent to unit holders on 4 July 2025.

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia AmFunds Management Berhad

21 July 2025

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MAY 2025

	Note	31.05.2025 (unaudited) RM	30.11.2024 (audited) RM
ASSETS			
Investment Tax recoverable Cash at banks TOTAL ASSETS	4	13,565,988 49,234 1,282,473 14,897,695	16,639,611 49,234 1,400,433 18,089,278
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Sundry payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES	5 6	58,356 879 11,729 70,964	3,927 1,017 12,620 17,564
NET ASSET VALUE ("NAV") OF THE FUND		14,826,731	18,071,714
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital Retained earnings NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS	8(a) 8(b)(c) 8	11,270,280 3,556,451 14,826,731	12,658,736 5,412,978 18,071,714
UNITS IN CIRCULATION	8(a)	8,497,475	9,260,551
NAV PER UNIT (RM)		1.7448	1.9515

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

	Note	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
INVESTMENT (LOSS)/INCOME			
Distribution income Interest income Net (loss)/gain from investment: - Financial assets at fair value through profit or		198,831 5,424	308,823 1,068
loss ("FVTPL") Other net realised (loss)/gain on foreign currency excha	7 nge	(1,573,138) (14,981) (1,383,864)	782,533 8,696 1,101,120
EXPENDITURE			
Manager's fee Trustee's fee Audit fee Tax agent's fee Custodian's fee Other expenses	5 6	(19,213) (5,517) (4,084) (1,895) (2,780) (4,326) (37,815)	(17,515) (7,868) (4,100) (1,900) (851) (3,610) (35,844)
Net (loss)/income before taxation Taxation Net (loss)/income after taxation, representing total comprehensive (loss)/income for the financial peri	10 i od	(1,421,679)	1,065,276
Total comprehensive (loss)/income comprises the follow Realised income Unrealised (loss)/gain	ving:	70,903 (1,492,582) (1,421,679)	248,244 817,032 1,065,276
Distribution for the financial period Net distribution	11	434,848	_
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	11	4.8757	-
Net distribution per unit (sen)	11	4.8757	_

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

	Note	Unit holders' capital RM	Retained earnings RM	Total equity RM
At 1 December 2024 Total comprehensive loss for		12,658,736	5,412,978	18,071,714
the financial period		-	(1,421,679)	(1,421,679)
Creation of units	8(a)	92,756	-	92,756
Reinvestment of distribution	8(a)	434,848	-	434,848
Cancellation of units	8(a)	(1,916,060)	-	(1,916,060)
Distribution	11		(434,848)	(434,848)
Balance at 31 May 2025		11,270,280	3,556,451	14,826,731
At 1 December 2023 Total comprehensive income for		19,904,448	3,316,996	23,221,444
the financial period		-	1,065,276	1,065,276
Creation of units		556,773	-	556,773
Cancellation of units		(3,775,125)		(3,775,125)
Balance at 31 May 2024		16,686,096	4,382,272	21,068,368

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investment Interest received	1,684,335 5,424	4,594,499 1,068
Manager's fee paid	(19,970)	(16,300)
Trustee's fee paid	(5,655)	(7,960)
Tax paid	(0,000)	(62,236)
Custodian's fee paid	(2,780)	(851)
Payments for other expenses	(11,196)	(10,682)
Net cash generated from operating and		
investing activities	1,650,158	4,497,538
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units	92,756	408,214
Payments for cancellation of units	(1,860,874)	(3,794,371)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,768,118)	(3,386,157)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH		
EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE	(117,960)	1,111,381
BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	1,400,433	655,883
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	1,282,473	1,767,264
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:		
Cash at banks	1,282,473	1,767,264

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Global Property Equities Fund (the "Fund") was established pursuant to a Deed dated 20 October 2005 as amended by Deeds Supplemental thereto (the "Deeds"), between AmFunds Management Berhad as the Manager, AmanahRaya Trustees Berhad as the Trustee and all unit holders.

The Fund seeks to provide investors with long-term capital appreciation by investing in the quoted equity securities of companies or Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs") (or its equivalent) listed or traded on regulated markets which derive the main part of their revenue from the ownership, management and/or development of real estate, throughout the world. Being a feeder fund, a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Janus Henderson Horizon Global Property Equities Fund ("Target Fund"), which is a separate unit trust fund managed by Henderson Management S.A. ("Target Fund Manager"). As provided in the Deeds, the financial year shall end on 30 November and the units in the Fund were first offered for sale on 25 October 2005.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 21 July 2025.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as otherwise stated in the accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards 134: *Interim Financial Reporting* ("MFRS 134") as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB").

Standards effective during the financial period

The adoption of the following MFRS and amendments to MFRS which became effective during the financial period did not have any material financial impact to the financial statements.

Effective for financial periods beginning on or after

1 January 2024

1 January 2024

Description

Leaseback*

Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Lease Liability in a Sale and

Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements:

Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants

Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows and MFRS 7

Financial Instruments: Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements 1 January 2024

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D.)

Standards issued but not yet effective

The new and amended standards that have been issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Fund's financial statements are disclosed below. The Fund intends to adopt these new pronouncements, if applicable, when they become effective.

> Effective for financial periods beginning on or after

Description

Amendments to MFRS 121 The Effects of Changes in Foreign

Exchange Rates: Lack of Exchangeability 1 January 2025

Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments and MFRS 7 Financial

Instruments: Disclosures: Amendments to the Classifications

and Measurement of Financial Instruments 1 January 2026

Amendments that are part of Annual Improvements - Volume 11: 1 January 2026

Amendments to MFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial

Reporting Standards

Amendments to MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments

Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements*

Amendments to MFRS 107 Statement of Cash Flows

MFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements 1 January 2027 1 January 2027

MFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures*

Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution

of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture*

Deferred

SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3.

3.1 Income recognition

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

Distribution income (i)

Distribution income is recognised when the Fund's right to receive payment is established.

^{*} These MFRS and Amendments to MFRSs are not relevant to the Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.1 Income recognition (cont'd.)

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

(iii) Gain or loss on disposal of investment

On disposal of investment, the net realised gain or loss on disposal is measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment. The net realised gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions. The functional currency of the Fund is Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which reflects the currency in which the Fund competes for funds, issues and redeems units. The Fund has also adopted RM as its presentation currency.

3.4 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded in the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. At each reporting date, foreign currency monetary items are translated into RM at exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. All exchange gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

3.5 Statement of cash flows

The Fund adopts the direct method in the preparation of the statement of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investment that is readily convertible to cash with insignificant risk of changes in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.6 Distribution

Distribution is at the discretion of the Manager. A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from retained earnings and realised income. Realised income is the income earned from distribution income, interest income and net gain from disposal of investments after deducting expenses and taxation. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved. Distribution is either reinvested or paid in cash to the unit holders on the income payment date. Reinvestment of units is based on the NAV per unit on the income payment date, which is also the time of creation.

3.7 Unit holders' capital

The unit holders' capital of the Fund meets the definition of puttable instruments and are classified equity instruments as it meets all criteria for such classification under MFRS 132 *Financial Instruments: Presentation* ("MFRS 132").

3.8 Financial instruments – initial recognition and measurement

(i) Initial recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. The method used is applied consistently for all purchases and sales of financial assets that belong to the same category of financial assets.

(ii) Initial measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at FVTPL, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of financial liabilities not recorded at FVTPL, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

(iii) "Day 1" profit or loss

At initial measurement, if the transaction price differs from the fair value, the Fund immediately recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" profit or loss) in profit or loss provided that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability (i.e. Level 1 input) or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. In all other cases, the difference between the transaction price and model value is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis that reflects the nature of the instrument over its tenure.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The classification of financial assets depends on the Fund's business model of managing the financial assets in order to generate cash flows ("business model test") and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial instruments ("SPPI test"). The business model test determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both and the assessment is performed on a portfolio basis. The SPPI test determines whether the contractual cash flows are solely for payments of principal and interest and the assessment is performed on a financial instrument basis.

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories:

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets include in this category are deposits with licensed financial institutions, cash at banks, amount due from Target Fund Manager, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers/financial institutions, dividend/distribution receivables and other receivables.

Financial assets at FVOCI

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") if its business model is both to hold the asset to collect contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. In addition, the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

These investments are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are remeasured at fair value. All fair value adjustments are initially recognised through OCI. Debt instruments at FVOCI are subject to impairment assessment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.9 Financial assets (cont'd.)

Classification and measurement (cont'd.)

The Fund may classify its financial assets under the following categories: (cont'd.)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Any financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in "Net gain or loss on financial assets at FVTPL". Distribution revenue and interest earned elements of such instruments are recorded separately in "Distribution income" and "Interest income" respectively. Exchange differences on financial assets at FVTPL are not recognised separately in profit or loss but are included in net gain or net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

Instruments that qualify for amortised cost or FVOCI may be irrevocably designated as FVTPL, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Equity instruments are normally measured at FVTPL, nevertheless, the Fund is allowed to irrevocably designate equity instruments that are not held for trading as FVOCI, with no subsequent reclassification of gains or losses to profit or loss.

The Fund subsequently measures its investment at FVTPL. Distributions earned whilst holding the investment is recognised in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established. Gains and losses on the investment, realised and unrealised, are included in profit or loss.

3.10 Financial liabilities - classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Fund having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holders. After initial measurement, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.11 Derecognition of financial instruments

(i) Derecognition of financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either:
 - the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

For investments classified as FVOCI - debt instruments, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are recognised, and through the amortisation process.

3.12 Financial instruments – expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Fund assesses the ECL associated with its financial assets at amortised cost using simplified approach. Therefore, the Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The ECL in respect of financial assets at amortised cost, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets together with the associated allowance are written off when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and there is no realistic prospect of future recovery. The Fund may also write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity when there is no reasonable expectation of full recovery. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to profit or loss.

3.13 Determination of fair value

For the investment in Collective Investment Scheme ("CIS"), fair value is determined based on the closing NAV per unit of the foreign CIS. Purchased cost is the price that the Fund paid when buying its investment. The difference between purchased cost and fair value is treated as unrealised gain or loss and is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

3. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D.)

3.14 Classification of realised and unrealised gains and losses

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised (i.e. sold, redeemed or matured) during the reporting period.

Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified at FVTPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

3.15 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the Manager to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability in the future.

The Fund classifies its investment as financial assets at FVTPL as the Fund may sell its investment in the short-term for profit-taking or to meet unit holders' cancellation of units.

No major judgments have been made by the Manager in applying the Fund's accounting policies. There are no key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

4. INVESTMENT

Financial asset at FVTPL	31.05.2025 RM	30.11.2024 RM
At cost: Foreign CIS	14,705,017	16,286,058
At fair value: Foreign CIS	13,565,988	16,639,611

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

4. INVESTMENT (CONT'D.)

Details of investment are as follows:

Foreign CIS	Number of units	Fair value RM	Purchased cost RM	Fair value as a percentage of NAV
31.05.2025				
Janus Henderson Horizon Global Property Equities Fund ("Target Fund")	179,401	13,565,988	14,705,017	91.50
`		-,,	,,-	
Shortfall of fair value over purchased cost	_	(1,139,029)		

5. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER

		31.05.2025	30.11.2024
	Note	RM	RM
Due to Manager			
Cancellation of units	(i)	55,186	-
Manager's fee payable	(ii)	3,170	3,927
		58,356	3,927

(i) This represents amount payable to the Manager for units cancelled.

The normal credit period in the current financial period and previous financial year for cancellation of units is three business days.

(ii) As the Fund is investing in the Target Fund, the Manager's fee is charged as follows:

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 % p.a.	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 % p.a.
Manager's fee charged by the Target Fund Manager, on the NAV of the Target Fund Manager's fee charged by the Manager, on the NAV	1.20	1.20
of investment in the Target Fund (Note a)	0.60	0.60
Manager's fee charged by the Manager, on the remaining NAV of the Fund (Note a)	1.80	1.80

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

5. AMOUNT DUE TO MANAGER (CONT'D.)

- (ii) As the Fund is investing in the Target Fund, the Manager's fee is charged as follows: (cont'd.)
 - Note a) The Manager's is charged on 0.60% of the NAV of investment in the Target Fund and 1.80% on the remaining NAV of the Fund.

The normal credit period in the current financial period and previous financial year for Manager's fee payable is one month.

6. AMOUNT DUE TO TRUSTEE

Trustee's fee is at a rate of 0.07% (30.11.2024: 0.07%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

The normal credit period in the current financial period and previous financial year for Trustee's fee payable is one month.

7. NET (LOSS)/GAIN FROM INVESTMENT

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
Net (loss)/gain on financial assets at FVTPL comprised:		
 Net realised losses on sale of investment 	(207,783)	(664,251)
Net realised gains on foreign currency exchangeNet unrealised (loss)/gain on changes in fair value	127,227	629,752
of investment - Net unrealised losses on foreign currency fluctuation	(702,454)	1,183,569
of investment denominated in foreign currency	(790,128)	(366,537)
	(1,573,138)	782,533

8. TOTAL EQUITY

Total equity is represented by:

	Note	31.05.2025 RM	30.11.2024 RM
Unit holders' capital Retained earnings	(a)	11,270,280	12,658,736
- Realised income	(b)	4,695,480	5,059,425
Unrealised (loss)/gain	(c)	(1,139,029) 14,826,731	353,553 18,071,714

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

8. TOTAL EQUITY (CONT'D.)

(a) Unit holders' capital/Units in circulation

		31.05.2025		30.11. Number of	.2024
		Number of units	RM	units	RM
	At beginning of the				
	financial period/year Creation during the	9,260,551	12,658,736	13,093,133	19,904,448
	financial period/year Reinvestment of	54,393	92,756	359,137	665,557
	distribution	246,904	434,848	-	-
	Cancellation during the financial period/year	(1,064,373)	(1,916,060)	(4,191,719)	(7,911,269)
	At end of the financial period/year	8,497,475	11,270,280	9,260,551	12,658,736
/ L \		0,401,410	11,210,200	3,200,331	12,000,700
(b)	Realised				
				31.05.2025 RM	30.11.2024 RM
	At beginning of the finar	•		5,059,425	4,624,549
	Net realised income for Distribution out of realise	•	riod/year	70,903 (434,848)	434,876
	At end of the financial pe			4,695,480	5,059,425
(c)	Unrealised				
				31.05.2025 RM	30.11.2024 RM
				IXIVI	KW
	At beginning of the finar Net unrealised (loss)/ga	•		353,553	(1,307,553)
	period/year			(1,492,582)	1,661,106
	At end of the financial pe	eriod/year		(1,139,029)	353,553

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

9. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The related parties and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties AmFunds Management Berhad Am Investment Bank Berhad AMMB Holdings Berhad ("AMMB") Subsidiaries and associates of AMMB as disclosed in its financial statements Relationships The Manager Holding company of the Manager Ultimate holding company of the Manager Subsidiaries and associate companies of the ultimate holding company of the Manager

There are no units held by the Manager or any other related party as at 31 May 2025 and 30 November 2024.

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the significant related party balances as at the reporting date is as follows:

	31.05.2025	30.11.2024
	RM	RM
Significant related party balances		
Am Donle (M) Dorbod		
AmBank (M) Berhad	400	400
Cash at bank	162	182

10. TAXATION

Income tax payable is calculated on investment income less deduction for permitted expenses as provided under Section 63B of the Income Tax Act, 1967.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

10. TAXATION (CONT'D.)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to net (loss)/income before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Fund is as follows:

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 RM	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 RM
Net (loss)/income before taxation	(1,421,679)	1,065,276
Taxation at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2024: 24%) Tax effects of:	(341,203)	255,666
Income not subject to tax	(79,556)	(511,658)
Losses not allowed for tax deduction	411,683	247,389
Restriction on tax deductible expenses	5,032	4,669
Non-permitted expenses for tax purposes	3,485	3,415
Permitted expenses not used and not available for		
future financial periods	559	519
Tax expense for the financial period	-	-

11. DISTRIBUTION

Details of distribution to unit holders for the current financial period is as follows:

Financial period ended 31 May 2025

Distribution Ex-date	Gross distribution per unit RM (sen)	Net distribution per unit RM (sen)	Total distribution RM
23 January 2025	4.8757	4.8757	434,848

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

The distribution declared for the financial period ended 31 May 2025 was proposed before taking into account the net unrealised loss of RM1,492,582 arising during the financial period which is carried forward to the next financial year.

The distribution during the current financial period was sourced from realised income. There was no distribution out of capital.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

12. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

The Fund's TER is as follows:

	01.12.2024 to 31.05.2025 % p.a.	01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024 % p.a.
Manager's fee	0.12	0.08
Trustee's fee	0.03	0.03
Fund's other expenses	0.09	0.05
Total TER	0.24	0.16

The TER of the Fund is the ratio of the sum of fees and expenses incurred by the Fund to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

13. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

The PTR of the Fund, which is the ratio of average total acquisitions and disposals of investment to the average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis, is 0.06 times (01.12.2023 to 31.05.2024: 0.11 times).

14. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

As stated in Note 1, the Fund is a feeder fund whereby a minimum of 85% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in the Target Fund.

As the Fund operates substantially as a feeder fund which invests primarily in the Target Fund, it is not possible or meaningful to classify its investment by separate business or geographical segments.

15. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TARGET FUND MANAGER

Details of transactions with the Target Fund Manager for the financial period ended 31 May 2025 are as follows:

Target Fund Manager	Transa	Transactions value		
	RM	%		
Henderson Management S.A.	1,898,147	100.00		

The above transactions are in respect of investment in foreign CIS. Transactions in this investment do not involve any commission or brokerage fee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks that include market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, single issuer risk, regulatory risk, country risk, management risk and non-compliance risk.

Risk management is carried out by closely monitoring, measuring and mitigating the above said risks, careful selection of investments coupled with stringent compliance to investment restrictions as stipulated by the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007, Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and the Deeds as the backbone of risk management of the Fund.

(a) Market risk

The Fund's principal exposure to market risk arises primarily due to changes in the market environment, global economic and geo-political developments.

The Fund's market risk is affected primarily by the following risks:

(i) Price risk

Price risk refers to the uncertainty of an investment's future prices. In the event of adverse price movements, the Fund might endure potential loss on its investment in the Target Fund. In managing price risk, the Manager actively monitors the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk will affect the value of the Fund's investment, given the interest rate movements, which are influenced by regional and local economic developments as well as political developments.

Domestic interest rate on deposits and placements with licensed financial institutions are determined based on prevailing market rates.

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the Fund's functional currency. Currency risk refers to the potential loss the Fund might face due to unfavorable fluctuations of currencies other than the Fund's functional currency against the Fund's functional currency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(a) Market risk (cont'd.)

(iii) Currency risk (cont'd.)

The net unhedged financial assets of the Fund that are not denominated in Fund's functional currency are as follows:

Financial assets	31.05.2025		30.11.2024	
denominated in	RM equivalent	% of NAV	RM equivalent	% of NAV
United States Dollar				
Investment	13,565,988	91.50	16,639,611	92.08
Cash at bank	<u>-</u> _	_	2,220	0.01
	13,565,988	91.50	16,641,831	92.09

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the Fund by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk applies to distribution receivables. The issuer of such instruments may not be able to fulfill the required interest payments or repay the principal invested or amount owing. These risks may cause the Fund's investment to fluctuate in value.

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund manages the risk by setting internal counterparty limits and undertaking internal credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Cash at banks are held for liquidity purposes and are not exposed to significant credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial assets. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Fund could be required to pay its financial liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. This is also the risk of Fund experiencing large redemptions, when the Investment Manager could be forced to sell large volumes of its holdings at unfavorable prices to meet redemption requirements.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise of cash at banks, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 5 to 7 days. The Fund's policy is to always maintain a prudent level of liquid assets so as to reduce liquidity risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 DECEMBER 2024 TO 31 MAY 2025

16. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONT'D.)

(c) Liquidity risk (cont'd.)

The Fund's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of not more than six months.

(d) Single issuer risk

The Fund, as a feeder fund, invests significantly all its assets in the Target Fund. The Target Fund is restricted from investing in securities issued by any issuer in excess of a certain percentage of its NAV. Under such restriction, the risk exposure to the securities of any single issuer is diversified and managed by the Target Fund Manager based on internal/external ratings.

(e) Regulatory risk

Any changes in national policies and regulations may have effects on the capital market and the NAV of the Fund.

(f) Country risk

The risk of price fluctuation in foreign securities may arise due to political, financial and economic events in foreign countries. If this occurs, there is a possibility that the NAV of the Fund may be adversely affected.

(g) Management risk

Poor management of the Fund may cause considerable losses to the Fund that in turn may affect the NAV of the Fund.

(h) Non-compliance risk

This is the risk of the Manager or the Trustee not complying with the respective internal policies, the Deeds, securities laws or guidelines issued by the regulators relevant to each party, which may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

The specific risks associated to the Target Fund include market risk, securities risk, emerging market risk, settlement and credit risks, regulatory and accounting standards risks, political risk, custody risk and liquidity risk.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Wong Weng Tuck, being the Director of and on behalf of the Board of Directors of AmFunds Management Berhad (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards 134: *Interim Financial Reporting* ("MFRS 134") so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of Global Property Equities Fund (the "Fund") as at 31 May 2025 and of the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and cash flows for the financial period then ended.

For and on behalf of the Manager

WONG WENG TUCK

Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 21 July 2025

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

To the unit holders of GLOBAL PROPERTY EQUITIES FUND ("Fund"),

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period ended 31 May 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AMFUNDS MANAGEMENT BERHAD has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirements.

We are of the opinion that the distributions of income by the Fund are appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD

ZAINUDIN BIN SUHAIMI

Chief Executive Officer Date: 15 July 2025

DIRECTORY

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For enquiries about this or any of the other Funds offered by AmFunds Management Berhad Please call 2032 2888 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.45 p.m. (Monday to Thursday),

Friday (8.45 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.)

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